Fit For The Future - What matters to you?

Responses from health and care professionals

Please tell us what you think about our preferred option to develop: A 'centre of excellence' for Acute Medicine (Acute Medical Take) at Gloucestershire Royal Hospital.

		Response Percent	Response Total
1	Strongly support	33.57%	48
2	Support	38.46%	55
3	Oppose	6.99%	10
4	Strongly oppose	13.99%	20
5	No opinion	6.99%	10
		answered	143
		skipped	1

Please tell us why you think this, e.g. the information you would like us to consider (62)

- 1 But needs much bigger a+e at GRH
- 2 It would make sense to send sick medical patients to a single site where a full team can look after them rather than patients going to two different sites where they experience long wait times on AMU because the clinical rotas have lots of gaps.
- 3 All acute work should be on one site.
- 4 need to put all the expertise in one place 24/7
- 5 How would you support acute medical at CGH and that side of the county? Increasing travel time for a seriously unwell patient
- 6 Centre of excellence as opposed to two try hards
- 7 It will be easier to manage 24/7 and we will be able to afford the best equipment if only one piece is needed instead of several.
- AMU should be spread across both sites to prevent a bottle neck where we are changing wards such as gynaecology into a amu. It is not appropriate for women going through tough times and having to have miscarriages in bays with patients from other specialties. It violates privacy and dignity and is heartless, but no other choice due to hospital management.
- 9 There needs to be acute medical services at CGH also.
- From a staffing perspective, the difference to the acute medical staffing is much better having it centralised. However, I do think that there needs to be some kind of pathway for cardiology admissions; they currently have to go from AEC to ED GRH when they have been post taked by a consultant, just to come back to Cheltenham the next day.
- This already works well with the acute medical take at GRH and all patients can be seen within the 14 hours that has to be a great improvement. Patients not being seen means their stay may be longer and their recovery poorer. It is frightening as a patient or relative if you are waiting sometimes days to be seen or reviewed and this would prevent that so a definite yes from me.
- 12 Especially with COVID it is sensible to centralise this service.
- 13 I think at the present time (ie in the middle of a pandemic) it is sensible to concentrate all acute services on one site and ALL elective services on the other.

		Response Percent	Response Total
14	Both hospitals need to be able to assess and treat from both A +E departments. Currently Cotswold patients are having to be admitted to GRH meaning extra journey time for them and their families. Transferring Stroke and elderly patients back to CGH is not ideal and would be better being able to being able to provide holistic care for patients on both sites as we have done well for some time.		
15	To centralise services in one place. To have the specialist equipment and staff on one	e site.	
16	Bed demand at GRH already very high in comparison to CGH; consolidating all of me sustain or even increase this demand. It is hard to see how the current situation, even Covid resurgence, can be maintained without regular black escalation statuses and " patients to CGH. Patients seen at CGH ED would need to be transferred to GRH if the	n pre-winter d "clearing the d	emands and decks"" of
17	There's no point, the trust is focusing too much on the 'front door' and acute medical of the hospital, not good for pt. flow is the other services aren't looked at properly! Als Gloucester, this is not their nearest hospital!		
18	It's not clear what services will be 'removed' from GRH in order to accommodate a Comajor single service at one of the two hospitals doesn't address the increased time to the East of the County, the parking inconvenience (every part as bad at GRH as CGF further. Equally it does seemingly support (perceptibly at least) the downgrading of Copermanently which is already and will continue to be an appalling decision.	travel for pat H, or cost of tr	ients from avelling
19	As a clinician having worked in the acute sector predominantly at CGH I can not support the aim to centralise acute services at GRH strongly enough- doing so will enable a much higher level/ standard of care to be provide to all patients requiring acute care and will also improve the experience of our trainees working in this environment. The latter will then hopefully increase the attractiveness of working in the trust and/ or the acute sector of the trust to future junior and senior doctors.		
20	It is not clear what this actually means. Does it mean A&E will not be available in CG	H?	
21	this is completely unsafe and ludicrous		
22	this move is completely unsafe and a silly move the organisation. Cheltenham needs	an amu too.	
23	unsafe for patients		
24	Cheltenham needs an acute care ward. how can you have a functioning a and e, whi insisting it will have at Cheltenham with no where for the patient to go after initial trea people in ambulances to grh is ridiculous. making the public believe they will have an have a sub par service is deceitful	tment? putting	g sick
25	stupid idea how can a county this size have no medical take in cheltenham		
26	Makes sense as A&E located there		
27	Cheltenham is a large town that deserves an ED and Acute medical intake. Previous Gloucester would on a regular daily basis divert either their GP and acute admissions could not cope with the high demand of patients. I feel the care is unsafe and compre change. Cheltenham ED and ACUC would receive patients from the Cotswolds which who relied on CGH service.	s to CGH ACL omised as a re	IC as GRH sult of the
28	Coming from Cheltenham and having spent over 30 years working in CGH before moving to GRH, I am quite saddened that CGH seems to be the 'poor relation' and while I understand that for many reasons, services need to be streamlined and centralised, it's hard not to feel upset at certain changes.		
29	A centre of excellence is a title conferred on a centre by other institutions and is not sidecide to be. Aspiration to excellence is essential but not if this is considered zero sube a centre of excellence in A and therefore B will not be excellent. Also there are cularready considered excellent: does the Trust know what these are and do the various aspiring to excellence in one domain might strip and already considered excellent set	m - i.e. we ca rrently service s plans consid	n aspire to s which are der that

		Response Percent	Response Total
31	Please consider the effect this will have on the large number of elderly, frail patients a who are often MSFD early on but have multiple moves within GRH and CGH before of hospital. (recent example: 89 yr old with advancing Parkinsons Disease and increadays and had 5 moves: ED/AMU/7A/Snowshill/Bibury. Family were contacted when in him home from AMU). This is not uncommon. These moves have a deteriorating effect physical functioning and continence. How can we make this better for this cohort of p to FAS/AMU then transfer to specialist Elderly Care Ward. Also please consider use Ryeworth is the only specialist COTE ward, far too many outlying COTE pts across Bibury/Cardiac2/Knightsbridge. Consider reinstating a second COTE wards at CGH. important as out 'front door'.	eventually transing frailty ad in AMU and ha of on cognition atients? Consort beds at CG	nsferring out mitted for 5 appy to have a, general sider direct H:
32	localised care rather than having to transfer out/ redirect ambulances at great cost an	nd challenge to	o the patient
33	Enables acute medical team to focus their resource on one site rather than being spli both hospitals.	t and strugglii	ng to cover
34	it makes sense to have a collection of acute medicine departments in a single place. fit for purpose and fit for the 21st century, neither site currently is fit for purpose	But these do	need to be
35	there is nothing in the questionnaire relating to cardiology. But the booklet clearly state cardiology and cath labs with other radiology procedures, these are NOT the same, it individual. This would break up any cardiology teams who foster good relations with overy well together. A general recovery area for these patients would be detrimental to knowledge the staff hold diluted to basic and not the high standard of care we give at bonkers idea. Why is cardiology constantly treated like the poor relation and not one why not try to create a cardiac centre of excellence?? its an increasing issue with increations, we do not service the population of Gloucester well without a Cardiac Centre don't shoehorn cardiology within radiology - isn't good and generalist staff haven't wo been tried and didn't succeed. staff will leave and will reduce staff and patient wellbeit	, they are specialised and nother disciplines and work to their care and at the moment its a e of the jewels in the crown. Increasingly younger atre of excellence. please worked elsewhere. It has	
36	More expertise on one site and better care		
37	Cheltenham should remain an acute general hospital		
38	this move has made it very unsafe for patients as grh staff just cant cope with the high are getting. The worst move they have decided to do.	h volume of p	atients they
39	I cannot see any reason to make a case against it		
40	We need to concentrate our resources for acute medicine on one site.		
41	To help flow.		
42	Concentrate this and the required support services for this on one site		
43	Would like Pathology to be taken into account with these decisions - especially Blood having to do an increasing amount of work overnight yet have no funding for extra stathe whole hospital at GRH is dangerous.		
44	Acute medicine consultant workfroce better concentrated to provide sustainable rota split across two hospitals. Better use of resources at singel site with economies of scale need to caution about overnight medical cover being adequate across remaining patic	·	
	frlows for walk-ins would need acute medical offer	cinio ai OGN d	and patient
45	There just isn't a big enough ED at Gloucester, not enough Resus vays and just too of	cramped	
46	Evidence is that specialist stroke unit and cardiac units provide better patient outcome	es	

		Response Percent	Response Total
47	I support the proposals to change and think the information provided presents a stror throughout the consultation document I see little or no reference to: a) How staff are to be retained, trained, recruited and afforded. b) No reference to any improvements to process or service instigated as part of the result which will be retained as Best Practice moving forward. c) Limited reference to the way that services will be re-modelled in line with internation	sponse to Cov	vid -19
	There is limited information given for example on the use of telemedicine, telephone up, health education in primary care, transfer of services into coimmunity settings, co case rates, better streaming through outpatients (and ED).		
	The proposals appear to deal with the issue of duplication of services across two site rationalisation and whilst this is to be welcomed, of itself, it does little to illustrate how or will change.		
	Similarly there is no financial analysis (that I can see) with the documentation provide stretched NHS, this must be a consideration for services to be long term sustainable.		asingly
48	Better to have all emergency services on one site		
49	I wish to ensure that the best treatment is available as timely as possible and is not confusion of service across sites.	ompromised b	ру
50	there is ample evidence that diffusing resources results in worse outcomes for patien excellence is best avoided - it sounds good but means nothing - why would anyone n do yo define a centre of excellence?		
51	Had an acute kidney stone admission few years ago just after Xmas - live next door to CGH - last thing would have wanted would have been to have been taken to GRH!		hing would
52	No clinicians I have spoken to think that this is a good idea - and I am dubious as to whether this is about patient care or whether it's to save money. Sadly I suspect the latter.		about
53	even prior to COVID there was too much disorganised movement of patients to aid flo	There are still likely to be acute medical beds in CGH, so many patients will be being transferred. Currently, even prior to COVID there was too much disorganised movement of patients to aid flow that was/is detrimentate to their care. CGH has now become an overflow hospital for GRH not a centre of excellence.	
54	The area of Gloucestershire requires services at both Cheltenham and Gloucester		
55	Clear clinical advantages in not duplicating staff, so long as sufficient / additional staff shifts to deal with increased numbers (you couldn't just shift the take and keep the sa increased number of patients).		
56	GRH should receive all unselected acute admissions. This will enable us to screen participations such as COVID-19 and keep them there until it is safe to transfer to the ""g we minimise the risk of disruption of elective specialist treatment such as surgical and care.	green"" CGH s	site. this way
57	This sounds like it would lead to the loss of Acute Medicine at CGH. I have really noti changes that this often leads to multiple patient transfers across areas and hospitals dangerous. Several patients on RYE had been to 4 ward areas prior to arriving on RYE.	which can be	
58	Lack of community beds and placements means that this is needed across both sites especially GRH as cheltenham is more surgical and recent changes have only shown downsize it and move specialities		
59	The idea of creating centres of excellence at both of the two excellent large hospitals makes sense. It is worth remembering that the other specialist inpatient services, whi centralised at either CGH or GRH e.g. cancer services at CGH and childrens' service really well for patients.	ch have alrea	dy
60	Too far to GRH for large areas of the county. I live in Cirencester, it can take an hour GRH.	in peak times	to get to
61	All acute services including the ED and both takes should be on a single site (GRH) t developed into a major elective cancer surgery hub.	o allow for CC	SH to be

	Response Percent	Response Total

62 Need to consider how beds will be managed without disrupting more urgent changes. Eg transferring to emergency acut admissions to specialist teams on CGH site.

Please tell us what you think about our preferred option to develop: A 'centre of excellence' for Emergency General Surgery at Gloucestershire Royal Hospital.

		Response Percent	Response Total
1	Strongly support	36.36%	52
2	Support	41.26%	59
3	Oppose	8.39%	12
4	Strongly oppose	8.39%	12
5	No opinion	5.59%	8
		answered	143
		skipped	1

Please tell us why you think this, e.g. the information you would like us to consider (54)

- 1 I think split site working for all departments should end. Single site for each speciality should be a priority
- 2 If General Surgery cannot sustain a rota across two sites then for safety reasons we should divert patients to a single site so they can receive treatment in a timely manner.
- 3 need to centralise expertise 24/7 ideally alongside other emergency services
- 4 How would you support those that need emergency surgery at CGH are patients fit to travel between sites if they need emergency surgery?
- 5 The same as previous it is easier to manage and better cost savings for the trust, tax payer.
- 6 Needs to reopen Cheltenham.
- 7 There needs to be capacity for this at CGH also.
- 8 All emergency cases come to GRH and I feel that Emergency General Surgery should be at GRH because of this.
- 9 I have, however, concerns regarding the bed base in GRH and resident surgical cover will still be required in CGH even with centralisation.
- 10 I think the separation of acute and elective work in the middle of a pandemic is sensible.
- 11 We do not have the bed capacity at GRH to provide the care that patients need. Lack of beds mean that all surgical patients are often outliers on various wards making it difficult getting the surgical teams to review patients when needed.
- To centralise services, staff, expertise and equipment at one site.

 If this ensures that planned surgery is protected and not impacted by emergencies, then I would strongly support this option.
- 13 Again, for same reasons as Acute care GRH doesn't have capacity
- 14 as previous- we do not have resources to spread this service across two sites and still provide the exemplary level of care to which we all aspire

Please tell us what you think about our preferred option to develop:A 'centre of excellence' for Emergency General Surgery at Gloucestershire Royal Hospital.

		Response Percent	Response Total
15	There should be surgery facilities at both sites, and both should be ""excellent"". Tran patients to GRH wastes precious time and could risk lives.	nsferring eme	rgency
16	county too big for this to work		
17	makes sense as A&E located there		
18	Over working the system, more operating out of hours due to long busy list which is different specialties on emergency lists resulting in longer waits for patients who might operation, waste of Cheltenham general theatre teams skills, experience and facilities	nt need an urg	
19	As before		
20	This is important BUT is not and should not be seen as mutually exclusive to a centre resection	e of excellence	e in pelvic
21	we still receive urology emergencies into the theatre department with no provision for and no anaesthetic cover from 2200hrs apart from the DCC Doctors If emergencies are to remain in GRH then it needs to be all emergencies or proper premain in PACU after 2200hrs		_
22	Avoids duplication and reduced likelihood of routine/elective surgery being cancelled	due to emerg	encies.
23	this is a big DGH with high numbers of patients and population often requiring more to offer outside of tertiary centres. transporting or redirecting patients involves time, more concerned so more localised specialist care will better meet all stakeholders	han the basic ney and stres	care on s for all
24	It seems sensible for emergency surgery to take place in the same hospital where the led emergency department	ere is a 24/7 o	consultant
25	It is bigger hospital and easy for access (not confusing as opposed to CGH which is a constantly lost)	a maze and p	atients are
26	as the main ED is currently at GRH this would make sense, however I would be anxious to avoid all eggs in one basket. this also involves the elderly and infirm travelling distances to a site that isn't easy to get to by public transport especially if you are unwell		
27	More expertise on one site leading to better care		
28	Cheltenham should remain an acute general hospital		
29	cgh also needs general surgery so thr ED should be re opened to		
30	I can see no reason against this proposal		
31	I don't think any of the 4 options are enough - I would like to know what happens to p CGH before 8pm in an emergency situation where a delay to GRH could be critical at the Coroner should something happen? The time delays - picking up a patient from, say, the other side of the Cotswolds - sur the correct help as quickly as possible and GRH may be quite a lot further away than	nd could be c	riticised by
32	Again, we need to concentrate our resources on a single site to make best use of sta	ffing and e.g.	radiology
33	Cheltenham needs surgery. As some people can not travel to Gloucester		
34	Would like Pathology to be taken into account with these decisions - especially Blood Transfusion as we are having to do an increasing amount of work overnight yet have no funding for extra staff! 1 person that covers the whole hospital at GRH is dangerous.		
35	To keep emergency and elective surgery seperate.		
36	Because the majority of emergency admissions go to Gloucester so it is logical for the surgery. However, I think Cheltenham needs to have a 24 hr ED with a specialism in colorectal.		
37	Trauma units have better expertise		
38	centralised is better		

Please tell us what you think about our preferred option to develop: A 'centre of excellence' for Emergency General Surgery at Gloucestershire Royal Hospital.

Response Response Percent Total 39 I support the proposals to change and think the information provided presents a strong case. However, throughout the consultation document I see little or no reference to: a) How staff are to be retained, trained, recruited and afforded. b) No reference to any improvements to process or service instigated as part of the response to Covid -19 which will be retained as Best Practice moving forward. c) Limited reference to the way that services will be re-modelled in line with international Best Practice. There is limited information given for example on the use of telemedicine, telephone consultation and foillow up, health education in primary care, transfer of services into coimmunity settings, converstions to higher day case rates, better streaming through outpatients (and ED). The proposals appear to deal with the issue of duplication of services across two sites and consequent rationalisation and whilst this is to be welcomed, of itself, it does little to illustrate how the models of care can or will change. Similarly there is no financial analysis (that I can see) with the documentation provided. In an increasingly stretched NHS, this must be a consideration for services to be long term sustainable. As before all emergency services should be centralised Makes absolutely sense to centralise and link in with the 24/;7 emergency care concept. It is simply not 41 feasible to deliver across two sites and making GRH the site fits with the 24/7 emergency pathways. Concentration of emergency team in one place means in line with evidence, a well equipped unit with expert doctors, nurses, pharmacists, physio and other AHP is associated with better outcomes; travelling further is a hard but worthwhile price to pay 44 Again would like CGH to be able to continue to provide this to local residents and not all centralised at GRH. Full AE needs to be at both sites to cope with capacity Again reduce duplication of doctors. Allow prompt senior review by team. Again sufficient senior staff must be on shift. One team operating and one reviewing pts. Busy team (CGH & GRH worth of pts at GRH) with only one team available will mean operating or reviewing not both. NEED BOTH. Also if this is to happen more GRH emergency theatre space will be needed so that other surgical specialities can do their cases promptly too! 47 Better care for the community It is best to concentrate acute unselected surgical admission to one site which will also house acute medicine 48 as well as ED and Critical care. 49 Recent months have shown that the shutting of A&E in cheltenham and the removal of emergency surgery/planned surgery from Cheltenham has negatively impacted on patients and their experiences when previously having it on both sites worked due to the available DCC beds and the larger capacity. Raises questions of who is to blame for deaths when emergency surgery is not available on one site and someone dies on route, that is negligence where those that have made these decisions do not bare the blame, no family or patient deserved to go through this. Plus as gloucestershire is continually expanding with a rising population having one center for emergency surgery is simple foolery as it will not be able to cope with the ride in demands on already under funded and under staffed wards that receive no reprieve or help of any kind regardless of what is passed around internally or via media outlets The idea of creating centres of excellence at both of the two excellent large hospitals in Gloucestershire makes sense. It is worth remembering that the other specialist inpatient services, which have already centralised at either CGH or GRH e.g. cancer services at CGH and childrens' services at GRH, are working really well for patients. Improved dr cover including a review by the correct sub specialty As with previous question, centralising acute services on the GRH site will allow CGH to be a major elective surgical centre with patients following, on the whole, a relatively fixed pathway allowing for optimal flow and best use of the existing critical care unit at CGH which otherwise risks being mothballed.

Please tell us what you think about our preferred option to develop: A 'centre of excellence' for Emergency General Surgery at Gloucestershire Royal Hospital.

		Response Percent	Response Total
53	Ensure the facilities are set up with adequate space to assess patients in a timely manner. The current temporary changes are working well with more patients seen in a shorter time frame. However, limited sp and beds in assessment rooms impacts on the the ability to deliver a truly first class service.		
54	you are sucking the life out of CHG all hospitals should have these specialties.		

Please tell us what you think about our preferred option to develop: A 'centre of excellence' for Planned Lower GI (colorectal) general surgery at Cheltenham General Hospital (CGH) or Gloucestershire Royal Hospital (GRH).

		Response Percent	Response Total
1	Strongly support	46.15%	66
2	Support	39.16%	56
3	Oppose	2.80%	4
4	Strongly oppose	0.00%	0
5	No opinion	11.89%	17
		answered	143
		skipped	1

Please tell us why you think this, e.g. the information you would like us to consider (43)

- 1 Cohorting patients and clinical expertise leads to better patient care from a highly specialised team. We have seen the benefits of this through Vascular and Trauma networks.
- 2 Less bed issues for elective cases if away from emergency pathways. Fully staffed DCC at CGH barely used currently.
- for planned work we need to avoid the emergency site so the work continues despite emergencies needs to be based at the non-emergency hospital cgh
- It makes sense to consolidate planned care at either site, but does an emergency service need to remain at the other site?
- 5 The same as previous it is easier to manage and better cost savings for the trust, tax payer.
- 6 Elective services would benefit from single site 'centre of excellence' but with the capacity to transfer from Acute medicine/surgery at both sites.
- I think that all planned colorectal general surgery should take place at Cheltenham General Hospital. If I was a patient I would know my operation is less likely to be cancelled, that the ward would be clean and CGH is currently the 'green' site. I would not want to chance being put in a bed next to an emergency surgery patient who has not had a covid swab results prior to admission.
- 8 As stated previously it is sensible to separate the acute and elective work in the current pandemic. There are not enough beds in GRH to have all the acute work + elective GI surgery.
- 9 care of all patients in the trust has deteriorated in the last few years due to lack of access to specialist services that used to be on both sites. Patient discharge is often delayed by days awaiting review by specialities based on different sites. This is frustrating for Staff, patients and their relatives
- 10 Centralising planned aspects of care could take pressure off these being cancelled due to emergency procedures taking precedent.

Please tell us what you think about our preferred option to develop: A 'centre of excellence' for Planned Lower GI (colorectal) general surgery at Cheltenham General Hospital (CGH) or Gloucestershire Royal Hospital (GRH).

		Response Percent	Response Total
GRH surgical bedspace already limited; conversely beds available at CGH for increased surgical we Transfer to all planned colorectal work to GRH would increase already high pressure on surgical be availability. Centralising lower GI at CGH would make use of existing surgical cover and surgical nu with less bed pressures than at GRH. Benefits to be had from concentrating all colorectal lists at a s CGH the obvious option as currently has less bed pressure than GRH but still has required surgical nursing expertise. Gastroenterology already at CGH which would benefit those patients who need in gastro medics whilst under care of Lower GI surgeons.		ed ursing staff single site - Il and	
12	as previous		
13	I think planned surgery could be better placed within CGH so that GRH can focus on surgery.	the emergend	cy general
14	Making Cheltenham a centre for elective surgery makes sense if you are wishing to c GRH, especially with covid. However patient choice does not seem to factor in your continuous continuou		ergency at
15	It has been mooted for some time, so that GRH would become the 'hot' hospital, while CGH would take 'cold surgery'. This seems to have been an accepted version of things to come, so it is no surprise, and for me, there is no good reason to oppose		
16	Lower GI at CGH is already considered excellent within the surgical community and	so this could b	e built on
17	as above		
18	It should be CGH, because you want everything to be easy and understandable not only for the patients, but also for the workforce. I mean try to close the cycle within one medical field. Get Endoscopy, Theatres at one place.		
19	planned surgery in a centre of excellence is nothing but good, but the site needs to be to accommodate patients staff and services alike	e fit for this ar	nd to be able
20	Better care due to expertise and less chance of cancelling operations		
21	Planned at CGH Emergency at GRH It would be a neat way of organising activities		
22	Makes sense if centralising other GI services.		
23	having to do an increasing amount of work overnight yet have no funding for extra staff! 1 person that cove the whole hospital at GRH is dangerous.		
24			both
25	What is the evidence for specialist bowel surgery ?		
26	I think it would be beneficial to have lower G.I. consultants operating or based at Che specialities such as Gynae-oncology and urology doing pelvic surgery require assists G.I. surgeons.		

Please tell us what you think about our preferred option to develop: A 'centre of excellence' for Planned Lower GI (colorectal) general surgery at Cheltenham General Hospital (CGH) or Gloucestershire Royal Hospital (GRH).

Response Response **Percent** Total I support the proposals to change and think the information provided presents a strong case. However, throughout the consultation document I see little or no reference to: a) How staff are to be retained, trained, recruited and afforded. b) No refernce to any improvements to process or service instigated as part of the response to Covid -19 which will be retained as Best Practice moving forward. c) Limited reference to the way that services will be re-modelled in line with international Best Practice. There is limited information given for example on the use of telemedicine, telephone consultation and foillow up, health education in primary care, transfer of services into coimmunity settings, converstions to higher day case rates, better streaming through outpatients (and ED). The proposals appear to deal with the issue of duplication of services across two sites and consequent rationalisation and whilst this is to be welcomed, of itself, it does little to illustrate how the models of care can or will change. Similarly there is no financial analysis (that I can see) with the documentation provided. In an increasingly stretched NHS, this must be a consideration for services to be long term sustainable. Support the concept of having centralised services. From clinical delivery stance, staffing and financial. Team work is vital to good patient experience and outcomes - fragmented teams cannot provide this and do not attract the best to come and work in them. 30 but only in one centre Please try and keep all acute specialities on one site. Support options where there is access to both sites so this is good I strongly prefer this to be at the CGH site as this will ensure elective care for surgical patients will not be affected by the emergency admissions and operations, as is the case now. Also, the ITU at the Cheltenham site can be used solely for elective surgical patients. Elective care should be split from emergency where clinically appropriate / demand exists - which it does in GS 35 centre at cheltenham 36 It can only be a good thing for the people of Gloucestershire 37 I I support this service to be placed at Cheltenham General Hospital. Having worked there I know they have a good record of care in this specialty. 38 This should be on the same site as non-surgical oncology as the two have to work very closely together. At Cheltenham General without a doubt, this has been in place for years and has worked without failure to a high standard. I, my family and friends have received care on this ward to a fantastic degree and then have unfortunately been subjected to GRH due to current events this year, to say that we were disgusted by this change would be a vast understatement. Why change what isn't broken, why ruin a system that has supported so many for years with such a dedicated team that is being picked apart and why support such an idiotic decision to shift CGH to a more medically acute when GRH does not have space for all this surgery and that has also been proven and found this year Lower GI surgical provision impacts on other surgical specialties including gynae oncology. Gynaecology is linked to Obstetrics, an acute specialty based in Gloucester. Acute gynaecology, including acute gynae oncology admissions, is based in Gloucester hospital. It is not possible to move this acute provision as the registrars cross cover Gynaecology and Obstetrics when on shifts. Moving gynae oncology with Lower GI to Gloucester would provide better training and ward safety for patients. The idea of creating centres of excellence at both of the two excellent large hospitals in Gloucestershire makes sense. It is worth remembering that the other specialist inpatient services, which have already centralised at either CGH or GRH e.g. cancer services at CGH and childrens' services at GRH, are working really well for patients.

42 This should be at GRH for EGS to support. Everyone together in the same place

Please tell us what you think about our preferred option to develop: A 'centre of excellence' for Planned Lower GI (colorectal) general surgery at Cheltenham General Hospital (CGH) or Gloucestershire Royal Hospital (GRH).

Response Percent

43 Combining expertise will enhance surgical training and allow us to offer tracing in sub specialist areas of colorectal surgery. There will be greater standardisation of care. Also enhanced nursing care.

In supporting our preferred option to create a single site 'centre of excellence', where do you think a 'centre of excellence' for Planned Lower GI (colorectal) general surgery should be developed?

		Response Percent	Response Total
1	Cheltenham General Hospital (CGH)	56.64%	81
2	Gloucestershire Royal Hospital (GRH)	13.29%	19
3	No opinion	30.07%	43
		answered	143
		skipped	1

Please tell us why you think this, e.g. the information you would like us to consider: (51)

- 1 this would support gynaeoncology surgery
- Because I think that elective or planned procedures should run from the site with a lease amount of emergency bed pressures. I believe that this will lead to fewer patient cancellations and overall a better experience post operatively where wards are full of elective patients all receiving appropriate post operative care rather than mixing with other non-surgical patients who are placed there because there is no other room.
- 3 As above.
- 4 because it's not the emergency site and patient flow can be better managed
- I don't know enough about existing surgical set up, but you would think the site that is currently best set up to house surgery would be the most sensible choice.
- 6 Wherever you feel it is easier and safer to provide this from. Where other support services are on hand.
- 7 I think it is best placed where the post op care is- I am not sure if they routinely require ITU admission. If they do, I would suggest keep at CGH to free ITU beds for unscheduled admissions.
- 8 I think this fits in with gynae and urology planned surgery and often these patients may need two consultants operating at a time. It will also mean that planned surgery is centralised. This will make it more appealing for staff working at CGH knowing they work on a site that is considered a centre of excellence.
- 9 It is a ""no brainier" interns of bed base, pandemic planning, and protection of our elective cancer patients from cancellations peak periods to have this service in CGH.
- There are not enough beds in GRH to have all the acute inpatients plus the elective work. During the pandemic the elective patients should be protected and kept separate. There needs to be adequate surgical resident cover in CGH to deal with any postoperative complications and also provide surgical support to the oncology service.
- 11 I
- 12 If the 24hr A&E is at GRH, then the planned surgery to be at CGH.

In supporting our preferred option to create a single site 'centre of excellence', where do you think a 'centre of excellence' for Planned Lower GI (colorectal) general surgery should be developed?

		Response Percent	Response Total
13	Bed space available at CGH for increase in existing colorectal work; patients requiring transfer or input from gastroenterology would benefit from existing presence of gastro services on site in Snowshill at CGH. Available bedspace for colorectal patients (alongside gynae oncology) currently being used as medical overflow with associated reduced and unsafe medical cover, loss of experienced surgical nursing staff and reduced quality of patient care.		SH. dical
14	To remove it from the impact on bed capacity of the seasonal variation in medical em	ergencies.	
15	I believe it would be sensible to try and ensure that CGH takes on planned / elective sinvolved, and that GRH is responsible for caring for emergency surgery. However, I a could result in specialist surgical cover required across both sites rather than just cover confusing for the public if there is general surgery offered at both sites.	also appreciate	e that this
16	a cold, elective hospital allows access to beds, ITU, and allows all the relevant surgic closely together to deliver excellent care. The removal of colorectal surgery from CGI urology and gynaeoncology may not be able to stay, which would put more pressure	H would mear	
17	Oncology centre		
18	Which ever site has best capacity of operating theatres and staffing for this proposal		
19	What will there be about CGH to attract anybody to work there, if surgery is removed altogether?	from Chelten	ham
20	This builds on already established reputation and allows other interdependent excellent services to continue to flourish because they have ongoing on site, immediate lower GI surgical support. Removing lower GI surgical support from CGH would diminish urological, gynaecological oncology, gastroeneterology and oncology services. Specifically gynaecological oncology simply could not operate in the same way and all ovarian cancer surgery would need to move to GRH to facilitate appropriately supported radical surgery within any governance framework		GI surgical ology arian
21	It makes sense to have as much major surgery as possible in CGH for the pandemic, pressures in GRH. This also applies to elective vascular and upper GI surgery.	, and also for	usual winter
22	co-located with other pelvic cancer services (urology, gynae-oncology) co-located with oncology co-located with gastroenterology inpatient care Protected bedbase from emergency admissions (if going with the emergency hub is screened admissons only in the covid era Ease of access to HDU / ITU for all planned major resections Separated (geographically) elective v emergency care as recommended by a) GIR of the RCS Eng (Prof Neil Mortensen) c) external senate review	ŕ	
23	wherever the facilities allow best at minimal cost and upheaval		
24	I can see benefits to both hospital, GRH because of workforce but for patients which organs in the pelvis, CGH seems more appropriate	may also invo	lve other
25	It is easy to get all GI surgeries in one place closer to Endoscopy.		
26	CGH would make sense as there is the oncology dept is also there. The dots are join	ed up in that i	espect
27	Consultants and staff are fed up. Colorectal worked at Cheltenham before stop fixing things that aren't broken Wasting good theatres, what's the point in not using something we already have. And you have amazing nurses and HCA's with colorectal experience in Cheltenham that will not go to Gloucester.		
28	As it is planned surgery the patient can arrange transport beforehand so I don't see a	iny issues	
29	Makes sense to continue the planned trend at CGH.		
30	Would like Pathology to be taken into account with these decisions - especially Blood having to do an increasing amount of work overnight yet have no funding for extra stathe whole hospital at GRH is dangerous.		

In supporting our preferred option to create a single site 'centre of excellence', where do you think a 'centre of excellence' for Planned Lower GI (colorectal) general surgery should be developed?

Response Response **Percent** Total As already said emergency and elective surgery needs to be kept separate as they require differnet sorts of treatment. Keep CGH clean and where there ae more beds to keeps elective particually cancer surgery running no matter what the emergency take is Cheltenham already deals with urology and it would make sense for ALL lower GI surgery, planned and emergency 33 Due to other specialities already doing pelvic surgery in this hospital. Surely a 'centre of excellence' would allow surgeons to assist and advise each other when required. I support the proposals to change and think the information provided presents a strong case. However, throughout the consultation document I see little or no reference to: a) How staff are to be retained, trained, recruited and afforded. b) No reference to any improvements to process or service instigated as part of the response to Covid -19 which will be retained as Best Practice moving forward. c) Limited reference to the way that services will be re-modelled in line with international Best Practice. There is limited information given for example on the use of telemedicine, telephone consultation and foillow up, health education in primary care, transfer of services into coimmunity settings, converstions to higher day case rates, better streaming through outpatients (and ED). The proposals appear to deal with the issue of duplication of services across two sites and consequent rationalisation and whilst this is to be welcomed, of itself, it does little to illustrate how the models of care can or will change. Similarly there is no financial analysis (that I can see) with the documentation provided. In an increasingly stretched NHS, this must be a consideration for services to be long term sustainable. I cannot determine which site I would prefer this service to be provided on without the information referred to above as this becomes merely a geographical preference rather than an option considered as to what is right. Less chance of cancellation as less pressure on beds Gynae oncology and urology based at CGH - makes sense to have a cancer centre of excellence at CGH where oncological services are based. 36 There are pros and cons for both sites. This is major surgery and should be carried out in fully staffed hospital having access to all facilities 24/7 the centre should be close to GI medicine, specialist inpatient care (as in ITU) and imaging 39 It seems likely that management of complications would be best on the site with the most robust emergency cover This should be based at the site with emergency theatres. Whichever site the clinicians feel is most appropriate 42 I have already stated why above, Cancer surgery and non-surgical treatment (radiotherapy an systemic therapy) need to be one one site in order to ensure seamless cooperation for patients who develope acute conditions requuiring surgical intervention. I have worked in London centres of excellence for non-surgical oncology where there was no surgical cover on-site for emergencies. This did not work well and treatment was sub-optimal. 44 To colocate it with Gynae and Urology for a pelvic oncology surgery centre of excellence

In supporting our preferred option to create a single site 'centre of excellence', where do you think a 'centre of excellence' for Planned Lower GI (colorectal) general surgery should be developed?

Response Response **Percent** Total At Cheltenham General without a doubt, this has been in place for years and has worked without failure to a high standard. I, my family and friends have received care on this ward to a fantastic degree and then have unfortunately been subjected to GRH due to current events this year, to say that we were disgusted by this change would be a vast understatement. Why change what isn't broken, why ruin a system that has supported so many for years with such a dedicated team that is being picked apart and why support such an idiotic decision to shift CGH to a more medically acute when GRH does not have space for all this surgery and that has also been proven and found this year Please consider the fact that whichever higher up or suited monkey has been trying to shut cheltenham A&E for years due to funding and the arrangement of doctors across sites. This is bad in practice and paper. especially when the current state of affairs in CGH due to some of these measures already being in place has slowed down patient care because their is no one on site available to offer the urgent care that is needed or they are being rushed off to see to someone in a supposable MIU that continually blue lights patients to gloucester only for them to come back again as their is no capacity or available beds 46 Proposals for either option appear to be well thought through. GRH is too busy, to stitched and too stressed with the increased volume of emergency surgery it has absorbed recently. Conversely, CGH is well placed to deliver such a role, with teams in place, surgeons and anaesthetists, HDU/ITU cover and dedicated elective wards. 48 As above Happy with move towards CGH as an elective site predominantly and more emergency focus at GRH, as oncology centre at CGH indicates more elective treatment. But not to strip all emergency services away 50 As above, allows for best patient flow and maintenance of elective work with the backup of a fully functioning intensive care unit. Ask why 12 of 15 consultants support this model. The consultants work in the system and know the details. This is the only option that will deliver sub specialist care seven days a week for emergency patients, complex UGI patients and complex colorectal patients. Why would you want to treat one of these groups differently and provide care that does not match up to other aspects of our service? The consultants know that the linkages to oncology, gastroenterology, urology and gynae are tenuous. A greater linkage is between upper GI and colorectal: the same junior staff, development of the service eg robotic surgery, same theatre staff, shared patient groups eg hernias.. This option is also the only one that allows us to develop the whole of our service. The model is actually about more than just colorectal and by moving complex colorectal to GRH it will create the theatre capacity to allow us to develop short stay surgery (not just day case) at CGH for both upper GI and colorectal. Why as an organisation have we not described the model that the majority of GI consultants have put forward?

Please tell us what you think about our preferred option to develop:A 'centre of excellence' for planned day case Upper and Lower GI (colorectal) surgery at Cheltenham General Hospital (CGH).

		Response Percent	Response Total
1	Strongly support	44.37%	63
2	Support	35.21%	50
3	Oppose	3.52%	5
4	Strongly oppose	0.70%	1
5	No opinion	16.20%	23
		answered	142
		skipped	2

Please tell us what you think about our preferred option to develop: A 'centre of excellence' for planned day case Upper and Lower GI (colorectal) surgery at Cheltenham General Hospital (CGH).

Response Response Percent Total Please tell us why you think this, e.g. the information you would like us to consider (40) As per my previous response I think splitting the acute general surgery take out from the elective demand is sensible and will lead to improved clinical outcomes, better patient experience and increased clinical skill development. 2 planned = cheltenham 3 Presuming it will be here as the service and supporting team are already in situ at CGH? The same as previous it is easier to manage and better cost savings for the trust, tax payer. 5 As per previous I know that the Day Surgery Unit at CGH is expanding so this would be the ideal location for day case surgery for upper and lower GI cases. 7 All elective work should be on the same site. If the 24hr A&E is at GRH then to have this option at CGH would be good. Existing surgical teams at CGH; centralising all day case GI work at CGH would reduce pressure on GRH to focus on emergency general surgery 10 The co-location of daycases with emergencies makes more sense as day cases are much less likely to be impacted by the demands of peaks in emergency patients. new day surgery unit planned for CGH that will be able to facilitate day case surgery and provide a centre of excellence 12 Once again, I believe that there would be less breaches in waiting times for elective surgery if they were on one site and therefore protected from issues such as lack of staffing the rotas and access to resources 13 would be better to have day cases on your site where A&E is, which would allow your theatres to be used, and put your inpatients at CGH Make absolute sense to create an elective surgical oncology resection service at one site; i.e. colocated with the oncology services and away from emergency services with their greater and unpredictable demands on beds which leads to the cancellation of cancer operations when the two are co-located 15 I understand that the plans are in for two new day unit theatres to be built in CGH so hasn't this decision already been made 16 Good idea. Protects the beds from emergencies so reducing need for last minute cancellations It is far more important to move major surgery urgently, before mass cancellations inevitably happen this winter 18 Day case can be done anywhere 19 as previous 20 I have already said that in my previous answers. Try to concentrate in one place all cases related to GI interventions. It is better for the workforce too. as previous question located in the best site alongside the supporting departments such as Oncology. the imaging services also need to be there too 22 Keep low-risk surgery away from the acute site to improve (reduce) cancellations 23 Would like Pathology to be taken into account with these decisions - especially Blood Transfusion. moving to a planned care centre of excellence can protect access from being hindered by urgent care 24 Using Cheltenham for this is more practical that CGh given the site, the existing status of GRh as Major trauma unit and A&E status overnight at CGH

Please tell us what you think about our preferred option to develop:A 'centre of excellence' for planned day case Upper and Lower GI (colorectal) surgery at Cheltenham General Hospital (CGH).

			Response Percent	Response Total
2	25	It needs to be clear that if you have a centre of excellence, it is in one place. GU/GI at Cheltenham - Totally! along with oncology. Everything else to GRH		
2	26	I support the proposals to change and think the information provided presents a strong case. However, throughout the consultation document I see little or no reference to: a) How staff are to be retained, trained, recruited and afforded. b) No reference to any improvements to process or service instigated as part of the response to Covid -19 which will be retained as Best Practice moving forward. c) Limited reference to the way that services will be re-modelled in line with international Best Practice.		rid -19
		There is limited information given for example on the use of telemedicine, telephone of up, health education in primary care, transfer of services into coimmunity settings, corease rates, better streaming through outpatients (and ED).		
		The proposals appear to deal with the issue of duplication of services across two sites rationalisation and whilst this is to be welcomed, of itself, it does little to illustrate how or will change.		
		Similarly there is no financial analysis (that I can see) with the documentation provide stretched NHS, this must be a consideration for services to be long term sustainable.	d. In an incre	asingly
2	27	Less risk of cancellation due to less bed pressures		
2	28	Having a excellent readily available service that treats me even if I have to travel is pr perhaps getting a second class service because of a dilution of resources/service sim operating on both sites. It is 7 miles not travelling to the moon.		
2	29	This type of surgery is at most risk of cancellation when emergency pressures are high. We should have access to protected facilities so these operations are not cancelled. This will be good for CGH as more planned surgery will be performed there than in GRH		
3	30	is there sufficient IT resource so paper records can be consigned to history and all relevant clinical information is available on both sites		information
3	31	Personally this suits me but appreciate that Glocs residents may not want to come all	way over to 0	Cheltenham
3	32	Facilitate throughput of these cases - ideally including a short stay model with low acc	uity 1-2 night	stays.
3	33	As above. This will also benefit us interms of cooperation in research hwere both surg treatment are being evaluated e.g. in cancer studies.	gical and med	ical
3	34	A smart decision as these teams are set up and in place already with exemplary expechances to expand on these services as their is adequate space	erience as wel	ll as the
3	35	The idea of creating centres of excellence at both of the two excellent large hospitals makes sense. It is worth remembering that the other specialist inpatient services, whice centralised at either CGH or GRH e.g. cancer services at CGH and childrens' services really well for patients.	ch have alrea	dy
3	36	CGH is well-placed for this role, which would function more efficiently and with better environment away from emergency pressures.	patient experi	ience in an
3	37	To avoid cancellations		
3	38	Links with earlier point		
3	39	I would support routine day case surgery being done on the CGH site but this needs to separate from the main building which cannot then be used to treat in-patients. This was theatres to be used for major elective surgery.		
4	10	This is intimately linked to the other changes that are being proposed. Movement of c CGH will help create the theatre capacity required to allow us to deliver this in the shot theatres are built. The model supported by the majority of surgeons proposes to expa cases in both upper and lower GI surgery This needs to be taken in to consideration	ort term before and this to sho	e other

A 24/7 Image Guided Interventional Surgery (IGIS) 'Hub' at Gloucestershire Royal Hospital and a 'Spoke' at Cheltenham General Hospital.

		Response Percent	Response Total
1	Strongly support	26.95%	38
2	Support	36.17%	51
3	Oppose	10.64%	15
4	Strongly oppose	6.38%	9
5	No opinion	19.86%	28
		answered	141
		skipped	3

Please tell us why you think this, e.g. the information you would like us to consider (41)

- 1 IGIS should be concentrated on the site receiving the acute take for both medicine and surgery. It is as illogical to split the IGIS service over two sites to offer a compromised service as it is to split either acute take over two sites with poorly manned rotas.
- 2 strongly support the concept but if this is elective work wouldn't it be sensible to base it at cgh and have a spoke at grh?
- The same as previous it is easier to manage and better cost savings for the trust, tax payer.
- 4 Provided there is emergency cardiac interventional capacity at CGH also. It would not matter if this was at CGH considering the trust's stated aim of reopening ED at CGH post pandemic and it already exists there.
- There is a state of the art interventional theatre in CGH, and no similar facility in GRH nor are there plans or budget for one.
- There is a state of the art interventional theatre in CGH and no such facility in GRH and it therefore makes sense to have the hub in CGH and the spoke at GRH to cover any vascular emergencies.
- 7 If this means that this service is available 24/7 at GRH then I would support this, especially if this stopped delays.
- 8 There needs to be 24/7 cardiac intervention! This has been needed for years & should all be on one site!
- 9 The spoke is a 'gesture' and perceptibly will be seen as something to sacrifice at a later date to move all services to GRH....
- 10 if this is the same type of procedure then use just one site (either) to reduce costs/communication
- this will tie in with previously mentioned improvement in medical and surgical acute care by concentrating resources on one site and allowing patients to access this ground breaking/ cutting edge service
- 12 It is not clear what this actually means.
- 13 Cheltenham with a functioning a and e needs 24/7 imaging
- 14 Cheltenham needs a functioning A&E and will need a imaging
- 15 I feel like this could fit the idea of GRH being for emergency care and CGH for elective care. I understand that there are already vascath labs at both sites so one could assume we already have the staff / resources to cover both sites if necessary.
- Imaging is essential to remain in CGH, Unsure as to why their is a need to transfer everything to GRH when there is a perfectly good working hospital with skilled staff members at CGH.
- 17 . Even if only elective at CGH, there can still be emergency interventions needed. Moving them across site whilst unstable is dangerous.
- 18 Should be colocated with maternity and emergency services

A 24/7 Image Guided Interventional Surgery (IGIS) 'Hub' at Gloucestershire Royal Hospital and a 'Spoke' at Cheltenham General Hospital.

		Response Percent	Response Total
19	Emergency interventional procedures should absolutely be where the main ED is - protection. It is completely unacceptable that patients, in the throes of having a heart attack A40 or down the M5. This is a dangerous practice.		
20	Requirement exists at both sites. Urology is a high user and based in CGH. Vascular (elective) ought to be in CGH.		ht to be in
21	State of the art equipment in GRH		
22	It should be on one place. But I have not estimated the premises that we have availal have to build up a new building it is going to be far more better for the service than the		
23	making sure that the supporting staff are enough to provide this		
24	re opening CGH ED as we have perfectly good imaging equipment and needs to be	used.	
25	Again, we need to concentrate our resources on a single site to make best use of sta	ffing and e.g.	radiology
26	A spoke will still split the vital staffing groups but in reverse.		
27	As long as this allows radiology to expand and develop. Be bold and invest here, this the crown for healthcare in Gloucestershire.	could be a re	al jewel in
28	Would like Pathology to be taken into account with these decisions - especially Blood having to do an increasing amount of work overnight yet have no funding for extra stathe whole hospital at GRH is dangerous.		
29	aligns to centre of excellence for vascular at GRH, including IR move from CGh to Gl	RH	
30	I do not understand why, following the presumed logic elsewhere in this consultation needs a 'hub and spoke model'. There is no convincing argument made for this on ar financial, staffing or any other basis. Just create a centre of excellence badsed on se with it	ny rationalisati	on,
31	Having a service that operates in the main where the acute take is makes the most s	ense.	
32	more details are required to ensure both are adequately resourced (people and equipavailable on site if needed; a waste of resource if personnel spend time travelling bet		ernight care
33	This would support the acute medicine and emergency general surgery services best	t	
34	I prefer it to be offred at both		
35	Needs to be linked to Emergency Gen Surgery		
36	IGIS & vascular should be on same site		
37	These services are at present sited at CGH and I believe shoulld be supported there replaced.	and aging equ	uipment
38	If this helps people and their is space on sites then definitely as delays in scans are c safety and outpatient urgent appointments	letrimental to	patient
39	The idea of creating centres of excellence at both of the two excellent large hospitals makes sense. It is worth remembering that the other specialist inpatient services, whi centralised at either CGH or GRH e.g. cancer services at CGH and childrens' service really well for patients.	ch have alrea	dy
40	Emergency interventional radiology should be on the acute site, supporting emergency particular. The 'spoke' could then be used to support daytime work at CGH and this value existing hybrid theatre.		
41	This will provide a better service for general surgery patients. A significant number of interventional radiological procedures which is another reason for locating complex u patients on the GRH site.		

A 'centre of excellence' for Vascular Surgery at Gloucestershire Royal Hospital.

		Response Percent	Response Total
1	Strongly support	24.82%	35
2	Support	34.04%	48
3	Oppose	11.35%	16
4	Strongly oppose	8.51%	12
5	No opinion	21.28%	30
		answered	141
		skipped	3

Please tell us why you think this, e.g. the information you would like us to consider (46)

- Vascular is predominantly a service where patients can be suffering from a life threatening event (AAA) that requires immediate intervention in a theatre designed for this type of surgery. I think splitting Vascular across two sites will provide a sparse clinical cover across two sites rather than strong cover on one site. I can see the intrinsic link between IGIS and Vascular and therefore wherever the IGIS hub is, Vascular should be centralised to and vice versa.
- Theatres less suitable compared to IR theatre at CGH.

 Major urology surgery has needed a vascular surgeon immediately at CGH in the past 10 days.
- 3 probably unless we split acute and elective
- 4 Renal services are at GRH. This would support renal service well.
- 5 The same as previous it is easier to manage and better cost savings for the trust, tax payer.
- 6 Vascular surgery should stay in Gloucester, however there is increasing amount of t&o outliers.
- 7 Cardiology and vascular services should be on the same site to service emergencies.
- 8 It depends where other surgical specialties are cited
- 9 This should be in CGH where the available beds are, and where there is the state of the art interventional theatre
- The interventional theatre is in CGH and there are not enough beds in GRH to cope with all the acute medical patients, all of the acute surgical patients and trauma and vascular.
- I would support this if GRH were able to provide vascular surgery with a ward that was fit for purpose! Vascular patients are currently on a ward that does not have the space or capacity for the patients. Wheelchair patients have 1 accessible toilet and shower for 21 patients. This in not good for rehabilitation of patients post amputation and impossible for all patients to access shower facilities. This is adversely affecting patient care. Lack of space around beds make life hazardous for staff and patients as we are often transferring patients from bed to wheelchair with hoist and moving furniture around to make this possible.
- 12 Centralising of this service, improved staff availability, expertise and ensuring this prevents delays and wait time.
- 13 Bedspace constraints at GRH reducing efficiency of vascular care; current ward for vascular patients at GRH unsuited to patient type and care required
- 14 This seems like an enormous waste of previous investment in facilities such as the hybrid theatre.
- This service was previously being managed well at CGH but if it not possible to split elective e.g. IGIS and emergency vascular surgery then I believe it would be preferable to keep it on the GRH emergency site and then consider the ""spoke"" option at CGH for the elective surgery. Splitting this service will have an impact on the intensity / quality of Therapy those patients will receive unless additional funding is provided to support splitting this service across sites.

A 'centre of excellence' for Vascular Surgery at Gloucestershire Royal Hospital.

		Response Percent	Response Total
16	Multi million pound interventional radiography theatre built in Cheltenham, consultants still wishing to do hybric cases in IR resulting in transferring patients post major surgery across site, emergency list overwhelmed in Gloucester Royal as battle for specialities to operate		
17	Too many operations at CGH have the potential to cause life threatening bleeding from major vessels (pelvic, aorta, IVC - renal, gynaeoncology) for it to be safe to have no available vascular surgeons immediately available at CGH.		
18	 there is a redundant state of the art IR theatre in CGH Winter pressures and COVID in GRH make it non sensical to keep elective vascula 	ar there	
19	Emergency vascular should be in GRH, elective should be in CGH - bespoke IR thea and same arguments for bed base, HDU / ITU etc as for elective colorectal apply	tre already ex	ists there
20	Other services such as renal medicine, diabetes which have a strong link to vascular in GRH	surgery are la	argely based
21	Because is not GI surgery. Every surgery not related to GI can go in GRH.		
22	its already there		
23	Vascular has already moved to gloucester		
24	Urgent care site status will mean operations may be cancelled		
25	vascular surgeons will mainly be based here for acute interventions		
26	Should have vascular surgery where acute services are and e.g. renal, stroke		
27	Hard to have IGIS at GRH and vascular at CGH so makes sense.		
28	Would like Pathology to be taken into account with these decisions - especially Blood having to do an increasing amount of work overnight yet have no funding for extra stathe whole hospital at GRH is dangerous.		
29	aligns well with emergency provision for vascular / stroke etc		
30	Keep Cheltenham as centre of excellence for everything GU/GI and oncology and all	other surgery	at GRH
31	Supporting evidence required		
32	Whilst I support this, I believe there needs to be a vascular consultant available to co to the major surgery that CGH provides. In an emergency situation in theatre a vascuneeded very quickly!		
33	I support the proposals to change and think the information provided presents a stror throughout the consultation document I see little or no reference to: a) How staff are to be retained, trained, recruited and afforded. b) No reference to any improvements to process or service instigated as part of the results which will be retained as Best Practice moving forward. c) Limited reference to the way that services will be re-modelled in line with internation	sponse to Cov	vid -19
	There is limited information given for example on the use of telemedicine, telephone up, health education in primary care, transfer of services into coimmunity settings, co case rates, better streaming through outpatients (and ED).		
	The proposals appear to deal with the issue of duplication of services across two site rationalisation and whilst this is to be welcomed, of itself, it does little to illustrate how or will change.		
	Similarly there is no financial analysis (that I can see) with the documentation provide stretched NHS, this must be a consideration for services to be long term sustainable.		asingly

A 'centre of excellence' for Vascular Surgery at Gloucestershire Royal Hospital.

		Response Percent	Respons Total
34	Theatres at GRH currently not suitable for vascular surgery - too small to accommoda procedures. Urology surgery (open nephrectomy) can potentially need help from vascular surgeo not possible if vascular based at GRH		
35	I think Vascular should remain at CGH. Only a relatively short time ago much investme stablish a centralised service at CGH. Gong forward with future phases of FFtF ther established services at CGH and this is one that could fit and not compromise safety.	e will be a nee	
36	as with GI surgery		
37	I think it should be offered at both sites		
38	Needs to be linked to IR		
39	Most vascular surgery is urgent, however the vast majority is planned so it seems daft to move too especially when a lot of resources and planning went into developing an excellent service at CGH, moved to Gloucester Royal then it is essential for the accommodation to be fit for purpose, eg: large bed space, assessable showering/bath facilities to meet the needs of patient demograph Vascular surgery inpatient and outpatients and vascular lab should be in close proximity		If it is
40	IGIS & vascular should be on same site		
41	Why change sites when you have this service functioning at CGH.		
42	This team have been in place and excelled in gloucester as majority of admissions of from gloucester. Also the equipment and resources required for this are centered in C practice		with years of stershire ready
43	The idea of creating centres of excellence at both of the two excellent large hospitals makes sense. It is worth remembering that the other specialist inpatient services, whi centralised at either CGH or GRH e.g. cancer services at CGH and childrens' service really well for patients.	ch have alrea	
44	Vascular surgery has brought a heavy and unpredictable emergency workload to GRH since from CGH. This has impaired access to emergency operating for all specialties, despite extra theatre and consultant anaesthetist provision. CGH has a well equipped and recently provision which is currently lying fallow much of the time, and which is superior to any similar facility in should welcome vascular surgery back.		rgency R theatre,
45	I feel emergency and elective vascular surgery should be split so that emergency wor surgical take whilst elective work continues at CGH. This will ensure there is critical c support the elective work otherwise there is likely to be an ever increasing pressure of	are capacity a	available to
46	Concentrating resources provides better care		

A permanent 'centre of excellence' for Gastroenterology inpatient services at Cheltenham General Hospital.

		Response Percent	Response Total
1	Strongly support	31.91%	45
2	Support	36.17%	51
3	Oppose	4.26%	6
4	Strongly oppose	1.42%	2
5	No opinion	26.24%	37
		answered	141
		skipped	3

Please tell us why you think this, e.g. the information you would like us to consider (29)

- 1 Gastroenterology experience has been demonstrably improved by the recent pilot. Less violence and aggression on the ward, less non-gastro (general medicine) patients using specialised beds and better staff satisfaction from cohorting our clinical capacity onto a single site.
- 2 better to avoid the emergency site
- 3 Despite gastro inpts being at CGH currently, gastro inpts are still seen on GRH wards and do not get the care they need from the gastro team. Patients either need to be moved promptly so the care of the patient is not impacted, or have a service at both sites.
- 4 The same as previous it is easier to manage and better cost savings for the trust, tax payer.
- 5 Provided there is some gastroenterolgy presence at GRH also.
- I feel that this ward is located on the wrong site and should move to GRH where the other acute medical care is taking place. Many patients need regular access to Endoscopy but there are not enough gastro patients at CGH to warrant an inpatient list each day or weekend access to services. By moving this ward to GRH patients would have improved access to endoscopy services 7 days of the week on dedicated inpatient lists. They would not have to be transported cross site either
- 7 Everyone will know where it is and again centralising services and insuring expertise, experience and staffing is available.
- 8 This fits with separating surgical and medical divisions across each site.
- 9 as long as colorectal surgery is also located there without this it will leave gastro very exposed
- 10 Only if lower GI surgery is colocated rapid senior surgical review with alacrity ensures that decisions for surgery are correctly timed and that non surgical interventions are not pursued too long; if all one has is a hammer then everything looks like a nail
- 11 It is closer to Endoscopy Unit. Patients can be easily transferred to it.
- 12 If GI suregery is at CGh this needs to be too
- 13 Nothing wrong with snowshill, Again don't fix what's not broken just make it bigger
- 14 As the pilot has been seemingly successful then makes sense.
- 15 Would like Pathology to be taken into account with these decisions especially Blood Transfusion.
- 16 got to move something to CGh to balance the shift to GRH.aligns well to elective services generally centralising to CGH
- If you want to have a centre of excellence EVERYTHING to do with that area of medicine needs to be there, no half measures and aahh but this bit goes to Gloucester.
 You need to keep things simple and easy for Joe Public yo understand as well as your HCP partners.
- 18 Describe centre of excellence as this term is being overused in the survey

A permanent 'centre of excellence' for Gastroenterology inpatient services at Cheltenham General Hospital.

		Response Percent	Response Total
19	I support the proposals to change and think the information provided presents a strong case. However, throughout the consultation document I see little or no reference to: a) How staff are to be retained, trained, recruited and afforded. b) No refernce to any improvements to process or service instigated as part of the response to Covid -19 which will be retained as Best Practice moving forward. c) Limited reference to the way that services will be re-modelled in line with international Best Practice. There is limited information given for example on the use of telemedicine, telephone consultation and foillow up, health education in primary care, transfer of services into coimmunity settings, converstions to higher da case rates, better streaming through outpatients (and ED). The proposals appear to deal with the issue of duplication of services across two sites and consequent rationalisation and whilst this is to be welcomed, of itself, it does little to illustrate how the models of care car or will change. Similarly there is no financial analysis (that I can see) with the documentation provided. In an increasingly stretched NHS, this must be a consideration for services to be long term sustainable.		rid -19 tice. nd foillow higher day uent f care can
20	The evidence supports this remaining and expanding at CGH.		
21	Gastroenterology services should (at least in my view) be in close proximity to GI sur such patients often involves close collaboration between the two arms	gery. Optimal	care of
22	Keep all acute services under one roof. Cheltenham seems better suited for planned,	elective servi	ces.
23	This will only work if medical beds are managed by the specialty teams, when pressu is always lost.	re increases i	n GRH this
24	Whichever the clinicians think is best		
25	Gastroeneterology dsupport for cancer patients needs to be improved and this move	would help the	at.
26	Links with upper /lower GI as well as colorevtal and cancer based surgeries, this is a fit together and enable this center of excellence aim	no brainer as	it would all
27	The idea of creating centres of excellence at both of the two excellent large hospitals makes sense. It is worth remembering that the other specialist inpatient services, whi centralised at either CGH or GRH e.g. cancer services at CGH and childrens' service really well for patients.	ch have alrea	dy
28	The current setup seems to work well. All acute admission would still need to be via 0 transferring patients across to CGH optimises flow and also helps reduce pressure or who then deteriorate on the ward and require intensive care.		
29	Interaction with gastroenterology on a day to day basis for general surgery is either o as an emergency. The current system of having a gastroenterologist on site in GRH v continues to work as before. Overall the changes do not affect the general surgery see	vorks well. Οι	

Two permanent 'centres of excellence' for Trauma at Gloucestershire Royal Hospital and Orthopaedics at Cheltenham General Hospital.

		Response Percent	Response Total
1	Strongly support	38.73%	55
2	Support	36.62%	52
3	Oppose	7.75%	11
4	Strongly oppose	1.41%	2
5	No opinion	15.49%	22
		answered	142
		skipped	2

Please tell us why you think this, e.g. the information you would like us to consider (39)

- Much like with previous service responses I believe that by keeping Trauma linked with Orthopaedics will inevitably lead to Orthopaedics losing out because acute patients (trauma) has to take priority for beds, theatre space and staffing requirements. This allows the massive Orthopaedics service to properly deliver aside from the constraints put on them through sharing bed and staff capacity with Trauma.
- 2 makes complete sense
- 3 The same as previous it is easier to manage and better cost savings for the trust, tax payer.
- 4 There are a high number of T&O patients so both sites is good
- 5 I agree that all trauma should come to GRH and planned orthopaedics to CGH.
- 6 Question is unclear, but I support Trauma remaining in GRH to protect elective surgery in CGH
- 7 I think it makes sense to have trauma on one site but there needs to be adequate orthopaedic cover for the other site. At the moment this is not happening.
- 8 This has to be fit for purpose and capacity needs to be concidered
- 9 If the 24hr A&E is at GRH I it makes sense for trauma to be centralised there.
 Orthopaedics at CGH again if this ensures this service is protected and trauma emergencies doesn't interfere with this.
- 10 if these are similar and use the same resources then use one site (either) to reduce costs/communication
- 11 This makes sense to enable the more acute work to be separated from the elective lists thus enabling the latter to proceed despite other pressures in the acute sector
- 12 Why are these separated at two sites? Are they not related, so should be together on one site?
- 13 This is something that I believe is already pretty much established with GRH being the trauma site and CGH being the elective site
- 14 trauma where A&E is, elective orthopaedics at cold site with no bed pressures
- 15 Southmead is the regional major trauma centre; it is faintly ridiculous to imagine that GRH will every be a national centre of excellence for trauma in this context
- 16 this has worked well since 2017
- 17 Emergency T&O in GRH and elective T&O at CGH.
- 18 if this is tenable on two sites, why not? if resources do not allow this then one site will be better than none and centralises specialist care
- 19 Again acute trauma is better placed in GRH because of the 24/7 access to consultant led A&E
- 20 It should be everything in GRH. This is my refrain. It is logical and simple. The simpler is the better is. Perfection is in simplicity.

Two permanent 'centres of excellence' for Trauma at Gloucestershire Royal Hospital and Orthopaedics at Cheltenham General Hospital.

		Response Percent	Respor Total
21	its needed across both sites. trying to travel from e.g moreton in marsh on crutches o isn't acceptable. there is no realistic hospital transport for these folk	r with arthritis	to GRH
22	Trauma and orthopaedics should stay together at GRH		
23	emergency site and planned site		
24	Keep low risk elective surgery away from acute site, concentrate acute resources		
25	This is known to be good practice and the pilot has been working well. Why change it	?	
26	Would like Pathology to be taken into account with these decisions - especially Blood having to do an increasing amount of work overnight yet have no funding for extra sta		as we ar
27	Trauma and orthopaedic need to go together. It would be VERY confusing to split the treating this as one hospital over 2 sites; not 2 different hospitsls. EVRRYTHING trau Gloucester. Coronary Care also needs to be centralised wherever PPCI is.		
28	Not sure aboutb separate centres for orthpaedics.		
29	I support the proposals to change and think the information provided presents a stronthroughout the consultation document I see little or no reference to: a) How staff are to be retained, trained, recruited and afforded. b) No reference to any improvements to process or service instigated as part of the reswhich will be retained as Best Practice moving forward. c) Limited reference to the way that services will be re-modelled in line with internation	sponse to Cov	vid -19
	There is limited information given for example on the use of telemedicine, telephone of up, health education in primary care, transfer of services into coimmunity settings, concase rates, better streaming through outpatients (and ED). The proposals appear to deal with the issue of duplication of services across two site rationalisation and whilst this is to be welcomed, of itself, it does little to illustrate how or will change.	nverstions to sand conseq	higher da uent
	Similarly there is no financial analysis (that I can see) with the documentation provide stretched NHS, this must be a consideration for services to be long term sustainable.	d. In an incre	asingly
30	Support that the pilot be made permanent.		
31	orthopaedics and trauma should be in close proximity so personnel can collaborate a duplicate equipment	nd reduce ne	ed to
32	As long as orthopaedics can provide adequate cover to the inpatient wards in CGH. I currently. If you fracture as an inpatient in CGH you are worse off then if you fracture		
33	Again splitting elective and trauma sensible if demand / need exists.		
34	Patients with pathological fractures or spinal cord compression should not require modelay might be induced due to lack of beds in the scute hospital (GRH).	ving especial	ly when
35	Rising admissions of this kind every year and shortages of community rehab placemeneded now more than ever especially as this is lengthening inpatient stays which slorates especially when both hospitals are running with only one A&E		
36	The idea of creating centres of excellence at both of the two excellent large hospitals makes sense. It is worth remembering that the other specialist inpatient services, whi centralised at either CGH or GRH e.g. cancer services at CGH and childrens' service really well for patients.	ch have alrea	dy
37	The separation of Trauma and elective orthopaedic surgery has been a success story to concentrate on high quality enhanced recovery pathways, which can develop more away from emergency pressures.		

Two permanent 'centres of excellence' for Trauma at Gloucestershire Royal Hospital and Orthopaedics at Cheltenham General Hospital.

			Response Percent	Response Total
	 This scenario has been in place for some time and seems to work well. Keeping elective patients away acute admissions is vital to minimise the risk of prosthetic joint infections. Elective orthopaedic patients are at low risk of major complications post operatively and offering them s in an environment with a reduced risk of cancellation makes sense. 		tive patients a	way from
			em surgery	

Please tell us about any impact, either positive or adverse, that you think any of our proposals could have on you and your family (please tell us which service your feedback relates to e.g. IGIS)?

		Response Percent	Response Total
O	pen-Ended Question	100.00%	74
1	I think more efficient working by having majority of specialist services single site is in	everyone's be	est interest.
2	All proposals would have a positive impact on me and my family. I don't care where I treated. If any one of us had an extremely unusual condition requiring us to travel to I would do it. It therefore makes no difference to me whether I have to travel to Chelter treatment, as long as the service is good, well staffed with enough of the right staff ar I care about.	∟ondon for tre nham or to Glo	atment, we oucester for
3	pretending we have 2 acute hospitals is the biggest potential detriment to services	es	
4	I live in Cheltenham. If acute medical and emergency surgical care moves to GRH, I my family will have to travel further for emergency care when they are very unwell. It hold this view also	am concerned pelieve the pu	d myself or blic strongly
5	The proposals I think will mean better care overall for me and my family		
6	It will be safer for us to have everything in one place.		
7	AMU needs to be spread across both sites. Head and Neck ward with Gynaecology of	doesn't make	sense
8	Failure to deliver emergency care in Cheltenham has already negatively impacted my the trust's performance.	/ family and o	ur view of
9	These proposals would improve the care provided if myself or my family ever needed CGH.	I treatment at	GRH or
10	The current burdening of services in GRH will have a major impact on ED care, ward It is unsafe and must be addressed rapidly. I have concerns that my family will not recthis Trust and I would take them to Bristol if possible in an emergency. I have significant concerns regarding the piecemeal junior led cover at nights for surg	ceive adequat	te care in
11	I am concerned that if the majority of the services continue to be relocated to GRH th unsafe. It is not infrequently at the highest alert and we haven't hit winter yet. I am we family will receive and if possible will travel to alternative hospitals.	•	
12	The Trust's decision to move services post Covid peak had a negative impact on staff health. Working through the difficult time of March and April was stressful for all and ugo where needed we were working in new teams in new ways with little support in thi Moving back to our own wards and teams meant that we were starting to share the diweeks and just as we were supporting each other we were told we were to move site and putting all through more stress and uncertainly. I do not think management realiz for those involved. The priority for staff is to provide good holistic nursing care for paticolleagues. I feel that we have not been able to do that for a long time.	whilst all were s emergency ifficulties of th s, splitting the e how trauma	happy to situation. e previous ward staff atic this was
13	I feel the benefits of services being in one place where the expertise, experience and available are huge. If these changes ensures this happens and the reduction in proce appointments being cancelled is the result I would feel this is hugely beneficial.		

Please tell us about any impact, either positive or adverse, that you think any of our proposals could have on you and your family (please tell us which service your feedback relates to e.g. IGIS)?

		Response Percent	Response Total
14	Travel, parking, costs of parking, congestion all negative. With an ageing population viless visiting will take place the more you centralise services on a single site.	with less mob	lity it's likely
15	Further travel to obtain emergency services and for visitors if admitted		
16	Cheltenham needs a amu and functioning a and e, plans to ship patients across cour detrimental to patient safety	ntry are absur	d and
17	the removal of a and e puts everyone in the county at risk. putting people in ambulan already damaging. stop letting this continue	ces between	sites is
18	changing our jobs yet again, nurses don't matter		
19	negative all round.		
20	risking the health and safety of those further out in the county.		
21	cannot have one medical take, it cant cope already		
22	If this is established successfully I think it will have a positive impact on establishing by primary services and accessing community follow up etc and hopefully work recipro admission prevention / flow in the acute setting.		
23	I want myself and my family to have the best access to cancer care should we ever not the elective and emergency services allows both to be delivered in the safest possible		e splitting
24	long waiting times and hugely packed waiting areas are not ideal when you are poorly	у	
25	None		
26	Centres of excellence mean clinical expertise is concentrated in one area, rather than This means better, more responsive specialist care for me and my family when we need to be the concentrated in one area, rather than the concentrated in one area.		the county.
27	Removing lower GI surgical support from CGH would diminish the service which I wo consider whether the Trust's ambitions for my service match my own in terms of whe whether my family move. Conversely moving all GI cancer surgery to CGH would be the kind of cancer surgery we want to provide in the future - i.e. comprehensive, safe	re I work in th a significant s	e future and statement of
28	further for some patients to travel too if A and E in Glos		
29	IGIS - emergency interventional 24/7 cardiology is essential where the ED is located beneficial to patients. I do not think the Trust can justify having a split any longer. It is incredibly poor clinical practice.		
30	Continuing to overload GRH with emergency services without balancing a shift of macause a crisis for the community	jor services to	CGH will
31	COTE. Acute take at GRH appears to have increased the number of ward moves and the nutransferred to CGH awaiting discharge or for ongoing discharge planning. Both elderly in-laws recently subjected to this. A poor experience for both of them. The service we aspire to yet sadly no longer uncommon for this demographic.	•	_
32	both hospitals pretty much equidistant for us and are over thirty mins away, so no cha	ange for us	
33	none		
34	It is only positive		
35	trying to access some services at CGH and some at GRH via public transport if you a frankly awful	are unwell or i	nfirm is
36	Please keep acute services at cgh		
37	good service		
38	-		

Please tell us about any impact, either positive or adverse, that you think any of our proposals could have on you and your family (please tell us which service your feedback relates to e.g. IGIS)?

Response Response **Percent** Total 39 Only with delays getting to GRH if CGH is nearer to where it happens. 40 None in my case IGIS information is actually not entirely accurate as from a non medical view and those lacking the insight into the interventional area its trying to broadly cohort based on superficial skills where they are entirely separate skill sets. The idea of grouping in a similar location is good but the idea that cross cover occurs easily between disciplines is completely inaccurate and actually won't create staffing efficiencies. It is in fact going to dilute a very specialised skill set within each of those specialities. 42 I am happy with all of the proposals. 43 No direct on my family currently. Travelling to GRH 45 Focused centres of excellence to allow for planned care at CGH and more acute/emergency care at GRH but still maintaining access to ED across both sites 46 47 You just need to have one place to go to for one SUBJECT e.g. Oncology, CVS, and GU/GI at Cheltenham and everything else at GRH. You've got to make it simple. And you need to make ED at Cheltenham 24/7 with doctors. Or you've got to double the size of ED at GRH. You've lost 2 x resus bays by closing CGH to ambulances, yet not increased capacity at GRH at all. It's ridiculous at Gloucester ED- and don't blame COVID. ED at Gloucester is not fit for purpose, being the only ED in the COUNTY!! JUST KEEP IT SIMPLE, so that everyone can understand it. You've been got to stop thinking like a person in the NHS and start thinking how the public views the organisation of the services offered. I don't believe you'll re-open ED at Cheltenham, you've been wanting to get rid of it for ages, but GRH ED is NOT fit for purpose with current demand - and demand is not going to decrease. You also need a centre of excellence for the Older Person. By 2040, 25% of Glis CCG patients will be over the age of 65. Travel and access to both sites for those with out cars or relatives locally I think that all of the proposals will have a positive impact on everyone, as the services in the long run will be better, if certain hospitals become centres of excellence for individual things. 50 I can only see advantage in focussing particular specialisms on one site, as much as that is possible, AS I and my family live closer to Cheltenham rather than Gloucester, everything that moves to Gloucester will have an impact on us. Relistically however the geography of acute secondary and tertiary services does not matter. I want an accessible service with low waiting lists, efficient administration, decent transport services into it/parking, fully taffed with competent doctors, nurses and support staff staff who are well looked after. I also only want to come to such a hospital when I need to and I would like to see the development of community based services (using the fine physical facility at Moreton in Marsh for example) and an integrated approach with primary care and Community services. I also want the NHS to start communicating with its customers on its strategy (not the politicxally motivated rubbish that is pumped out daily) get realistic about its major downfall of staff shortages(between c40 k and 84k shortfall of staff now and likely to get worse in the next 10 years with limited reality about training, limited prospoct of sensible overseas recruitment and a pretty awful reputation for looking after its staff) and preparing the population for the reality of what actually is affordable. Very happy to share my thoughts on this also somewhere else if you wish. 52 Positive impact across the board to have the expertise concentrated on 1 site for the various services allowing sensible on call rotas and adequate staffing for those services rather than splitting the expertise across 2 sites. in 2020 the crucial factor should not be postcode but the delivery of excellent, safe and timely patient care. It is simply not possible nor is it safe to continue to try and provide duplicated services which in turn often compromise the quality of care. We also should not forget the enormous pressure this places on staff, in terms of staff shortages, cross site cover at short notice, pressure of always feeling there an added pressure. I believe the proposals will result in better services and improved use of capacity and resources. For those of us who live outside of Cheltenham and Gloucester we have a journey to either hospital so the proposals have no negative impact on that respect.

Please tell us about any impact, either positive or adverse, that you think any of our proposals could have on you and your family (please tell us which service your feedback relates to e.g. IGIS)?

		Response Percent	Response Total
55	I want to have access to the best health services possible. These must be provided in possible - that means fully staffed and, with access to all facilities all the time. For molike to be treated in a dedicated unit away from the emergency hospital to reduce the operation cancelled	re minor surg	ery, I would
56	It would mean travelling longer distances but this is a price well worth paying for better	er outcomes	
57	As a resident of Cheltenham I am happy to travel if it means better care. I just want the place to look after my family if they are unwell.	ne right people	e in the right
58	I prefer it when Cheltenham residents can get access at CGH for all these things where possible. E.g. my phototherapy treatment used to be at CGH a ten mins walk for me now I have an hour round trip to GRH which is bad for the environment and a complete time waste.		
59	Negative impact for me, if GI services moved from the Cheltenham site.		
60	difficulty in getting to Cheltenham general hospital, public transport links poor or non	exsistant	
61	I think it would adversly affect my work		
62	I am concerned that scarce resource (pathology, radiology, social work etc) is diverte second rate services that would not be able to safely support any centre of excellence based in CGH.		
63	Minimal impact currently - may involve slightly longer travel dependent on outcome. A would move to GRH	Applies to serv	vices that
64	na		
65	The importance to me and my family is the travel to and from Gloucestershire and Chneeded treatment	eltenham hos	spitals. if we
66	I believe it is vital we maintain services at both hospitals. The area covered by both hereceiving patients out of County. Like many others living in the Cheltenham area I have A&E services as hugely detrimental as the numerous reports of long waits at Glouces being treated in Corridors testifies. I have had such an experience myse;If.	ve seen the ei	rosion of our
67	Positive to moving all specialties to gloucester and none in cheltenham: None, on all slowed down, bed spaces limited, more in patient moves and exposure risks of variou disruption and unfairness that the staff are subjected to with these moves, how is this their teams is rewarded with bitterness and unfair choices with their opinions not bein	us infections a fair that their	and the
	Positive to specialties linked across both sites : better patient flow, increased admissicare to get people home	ons and faste	r patient
68	The temporary changes made to Emergency General Surgery at GRH have had a pocare, patient experience and staff morale. Patients now see the correct speciality duritimely manner.		
69	Emergency lower/upper GI surgery to stay at GRH.		
70	I just want the best care in the right place and don't mind a few extra miles travel in o	rder to achiev	e this
71	Closure of CGH A&E could lead to delays in emergency treatment to those south of t for negative outcomes for time critical conditions.	he county, wit	h potential
72	Creating a major elective hub at CGH is likely to be beneficial to my family. This woul intensive care if needed and reduce the risk of hospital acquired infection.	d allow good	access to
73	We'd rather have to quality care and travel further than average care on our doorstep		
74	Its too far to go to GRH		
		answered	7.4
		answered	74

If you think any of our proposals could have a negative impact on you and your family, how should we try to limit this (please tell us which service your feedback relates to e.g. IGIS)?

		Response Percent	Respons Total
O	pen-Ended Question	100.00%	58
1	No although this will remove some services from each site by centralising to the othe experience will be better and clinical outcomes likely to be improved.	r I think overa	ll the
2	pretending we have 2 acute hospitals is the biggest potential detriment to services		
3	As above		
4	I would be worried if resources are spread thinly if there aren't centres of excellence.		
5	NO		
6			
7			
8	Move all elective major lower and upper GI, plus vascular, to Cheltenham and ensure surgical support.	e adequate res	sident
9	Move more services to CGH. If all elective major upper and GI surgery, vascular and were moved to CGH there would be less pressure on the beds in GRH. It would also patients from cancellations and also separate the elective patients from the COVID p be adequate resident surgical cover overnight in CGH regardless of the solution.	protect the el-	ective
10	Managers need to ensure that there is the bed capacity to provide centres of exceller between wards and sites is not conducive to good care. Staff need to be consulted as		
11	The centralising of services is important, but this also relies on the availability and accepeople to hospital, in the sense of emergencies and the correct emergency services whether this is an ambulance or paramedic car, with the correct expertise on site.		
12	As above		
13	Free parking?		
14	make a fully functioning a and e in Cheltenham to protect their health.		
15	risks everyones lives. not having an acute service in Cheltenham is laughable.		
16	will completely change my job, again! lower staff morale and lose a much needed acc	ute care servi	ce
17	a fully functioning A&E needs to be in Cheltenham and our ACU and AMU needs to c safety is massively compromised.	come back. pa	atients
18	risking family health by providing sub par a and e service at Cheltenham		
19	GRH cannot and does not cope. to say otherwise is incorrect. you only need to speak see Cheltenham needs a medical take	k to staff and p	patients to
20	As long as there is data and outcome measures to reflect that this costly reconfigurat positive impact on waiting times, avoiding cancelation of elective surgery etc then I onegative issues.		
21	If elective colorectal went to GRH that would yet further increase the pressure on beclonger waits for patients in A&E	ls at GRH, me	eaning
22	Cheltenham needs a functioning ED with acute medical intake		
23	None		
24	As above		

If you think any of our proposals could have a negative impact on you and your family, how should we try to limit this (please tell us which service your feedback relates to e.g. IGIS)?

		Response Percent	Response Total
25	Paediatrics definitely need looking at as if emergency cases for urology are still being transferring them to GRH is a logistical nightmare. Its embarrassing to tell patients the patients , it takes ambulances away from emergencies calls, waiting times for ambula early hours of the morning, is it safe to transfer , staffing for paediatrics , its not giving experience, could cause increased anxiety for future admissions	at we have to ince, can som	transfer etimes be
26	The only negative impact is if the plans for IGIS do not go ahead.		
27	Move as much major elective surgery to CGH as possible, to free up GRH bedspace		
28	Get it Right First Time. Direct to FAS/ COTE bed. Another specialist COTE ward at CGH (although difficult to recruit to this area) Discussion with community partners: keep CH and Bed Based Rehab beds for pts ne speed transfers out of acute hospital. Blocking beds in the community blocks up our 'perpetuating the problem of flow.	eding these s back door' ar	ervices to
29	no		
30	I don't see any negative effect. I live in Cheltenham and had to go to GRH as a patier and was there on time for my appointment. It was fine. In emergency I can get a taxi i available.		
31	Hospital transport is only for those very unwell, not for those who cant afford a taxi - ν patients not just the wealthy	we need to su	pport all
32	Keep cgh an acute hospital		
33	no		
34	this has a massive impact on me and my family. I wouldn't want my family member go knowing what state the hospital is. patient care isn't what it use to be like unfortunatel		ınwell
35	- parking at cgh is poor		
36	Not applicable		
37	As described above. We are meant to be aspiring to be the best in what we do and sl isn't the answer. Ensuring we recruit and retain is and taking pride in the quality of ou		groups
38	N/A		
39	Travelling to GRH		
39 40	Travelling to GRH N/A		
	<u> </u>		
40	N/A	ce car parking	
40 41	N/A N/A You really need to have a ""Southmead"" in the Golden Valley area. And you need to consider better bus services to both sites for general public yo reduce.	per edidemolo The biggest n	gical egative
40 41 42	N/A N/A You really need to have a ""Southmead"" in the Golden Valley area. And you need to consider better bus services to both sites for general public yo reduct requirements and problems. It is crucial that these proposals are considered in the context of affordability and proprediction modelling (none of which is illustrated in the documents circulated to date. effect on me and mine is if these p[roposals are implemented properly and because the	per edidemolo The biggest n he basic work	gical legative has not
40 41 42 43	N/A N/A You really need to have a ""Southmead"" in the Golden Valley area. And you need to consider better bus services to both sites for general public yo reduct requirements and problems. It is crucial that these proposals are considered in the context of affordability and proprediction modelling (none of which is illustrated in the documents circulated to date. effect on me and mine is if these p[roposals are implemented properly and because the been done or done poorly, in 5 years time we have to change everything again, None. It is important that the spoke IGIS service at CGH is a proper service to properly reso	per edidemolo The biggest n he basic work	gical legative has not

If you think any of our proposals could have a negative impact on you and your family, how should we try to limit this (please tell us which service your feedback relates to e.g. IGIS)?

		Response Percent	Response Total
47	Easier travel; more car parking spaces and lower charges for parking. Move to a paper no need to transfer paper notes and images between sites - practical experience at b notes are very common		
48	I want access to as many things to continue at CGH as possible. this consultation see as amny things to GRH as possible and I'm against that e.g. moving the A&E away fr down well with local residents and our MP		
49	free travel on 99 bus between sites for patients with an appointment letter		
50	It would negatively impact on me and my family if elective work was not done in Chelt a lack of beds in GRH	tenham as the	ey would be
51	Closing Cheltenham's A&E is a terrible mistake. For patients in the Cotswolds, Tewker areas - the time wasted going to GRH could literally mean life and death. I also do not Gloucestershire Royal can cope with the numbers they would need to deal with at prewhole county is madness and is so transparently being considered to save money rate.	t believe that esent. One A&	&E for a
52	2 hospitals with all the resource based in 1, and so any centre of excellence in CGH	will not be abl	e to thrive.
53	Nil		
54	na		
55	Travel especially if you don't drive		
56	Take a good look at gloucteser and the way it is run. It has a reputation for a reason, is a common subject that people do and will actively avoid Gloucester Royal hospital with too many problems that never see the light of day		
57	None		
58	None		
		answered	58
		skipped	86

Do you have any alternative suggestions for how any of the services covered in the consultation could be organised (please tell us which service your feedback relates to e.g. IGIS)? When describing your suggestions where possible please refer to the assessment criteria, developed in collaboration with local people during the Fit for the Future Engagement (see pages 17/19 of the full consultation booklet).

			Response Percent	Response Total
1	Op	pen-Ended Question	100.00%	38
	1	No.		
	2	no		
	3	No. Those providing them will know what alternative proposals are best.		
	4 Gloucestershire would be better served by ambitious plans for a new hospital between Gloucester and Cheltenham along the M5 corridor. This would solve most of the trust's problems.			
I think that all Upper GI surgery emergency and planned should take place at GRH and all lower CGH so they are kept separate.				I surgery at

Do you have any alternative suggestions for how any of the services covered in the consultation could be organised (please tell us which service your feedback relates to e.g. IGIS)? When describing your suggestions where possible please refer to the assessment criteria, developed in collaboration with local people during the Fit for the Future Engagement (see pages 17/19 of the full consultation booklet).

		Response Percent	Response Total
6	Move all elective major lower and upper GI, plus vascular, to Cheltenham and ensure surgical support.	adequate re	sident
7	I think all elective services where possible should be on a separate site to the acute procedure cancellations and protect them during the pandemic. ALL upper and lower GI surgery interventional surgery should be moved to CGH.		
8	The trust used to provide fantastic care that I have seen deteriorate over time with the ""streamlining" of services. Patients often need a combination of services to meet the them on both sites impacts on our capacity to provide good holistic care.		
9	stop hiding behind lies and tell people the truth re closing a and in Cheltenham		
10	reinstate the services previously supplied by Cheltenham. local opinion is not being considered at all. Cheltenham needs an acute care ward and a and e		all.
11	reinstate a and e Cheltenham, don't fob us off as a downgraded service that then has grh in ambulances.	to push eme	rgencies to
12	we need to be told the truth and they need to stop hiding behind the lies they are telling ruined staff morale and staff are not enjoying work.	ng us. its com	pletely
13	Cheltenham needs an amu.		
14	Nil.		
15	I heard an interview with the president of the Royal college of surgeons this morning clearly explaining how feels the NHS should be re-structured to have emergency hospitals, and elective hospitals - meaning fewer cancellations of elective cases, and best care for all. We have this opportunity to deliver this		
16	It has been found that management have not been honest with informing staff about	changes	
17	yes, all emergencies to GRH urology and ophthalmology included (paediatrics)		
18	N/A		
19	no		
20	Nothing is mentioned about ERCP. This is part of GI service. It should be in CGH as It is limited at the moment to two half days a week. It should be at least on a 5-day be say). There must be an ERCP centre. It could play a big role as a Centre of Excellent UK if the consultants think that they are able to develop it in this way. If not, then our least from centre like this.	asis (every mo ce for training	orning let`s within the
21	A new build fit for purpose and fit for the 21st century with bus/road and rail links between	veen the two i	major sites
22	regarding appointments I really wants to appreciate the services		
23	CGH ED department needs to reopen so that the pressure is taken off GRH and CGH wards open again. GRH cant cope with the whole county.	l has their Au	te Care
24	No		
25	N/A		
26	Bring Cheltenhams A&E back		
27	My general comments previously in this diocument all refer - I do not have alternative have the necessary information to propose anything sensible at this time. This consul encouraging (and one of the better engagements I have seen) but is still very short or which presumably has been done somewhere.	Itation is most	

Do you have any alternative suggestions for how any of the services covered in the consultation could be organised (please tell us which service your feedback relates to e.g. IGIS)? When describing your suggestions where possible please refer to the assessment criteria, developed in collaboration with local people during the Fit for the Future Engagement (see pages 17/19 of the full consultation booklet).

		Response Percent	Response Total
28	Whilst I understand that this is politically sensitive I am really struggling with the provi Cheltenham, this should be a minor injury unit 24/7 end of.	sion of an ED	at
29	Keep all acute services in one hub. Elective services in another hub. It simplifies thing	gs	
30	Try to make centres of excellence at both sites where possible		
31			
32	The provision of temporary accommodation for vascular services, provided at GRH d COVID19 is severely lacking. It does not provide essential facilities for patients or sta CGH which is ideal for this group of patients into an area which falls well below the not a devastating effect on patient outcomes and staff moral. If this experience is a sign of how it will be in the future, I would suggest that you will of excellence for this group of patients. If however it is in ,the plans to create a ward of similar in layout to Guiting ward at CGH which is close to Vascular laboratory, I would	ff. Moving from formal standard formal standar	m a ward at ds, will have ng a centre which is
33	Both estates are too old and the sites are not of appropriate size to support an urgent should not be throwing more money away on them. A new combined hospital should ago. Neither is fit for purpose.		
34	na		
35	It would be good to have some services in either the forest or the Cotswolds as people get treatment	le travel long	distances to
36	Re-instate a fully functioning A&E service at CGH.		
37	Use precious structure and perhaps have a rotational table for specialties on an axel care over standard time frames	bases to offer	variety of
38	Specialties need to stay in the same hospital. Orthopaedic need to all be in one hosp be in one hospital where they can get treatments etc	ital. Vascular	needs to all
		answered	38
		skipped	106

Anything else you wou	Id like to sav?
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			Response Percent	Response Total			
1	Op	pen-Ended Question	100.00%	47			
	4	There are services eg haematology that are split site and struggling because of the inefficiency this causes. Would be good to see haem si flew sote at CGH					
	1		nefficiency this	s causes.			
	2		nefficiency this	s causes.			

Anything else you would like to say?

		Response Percent	Response Total
4	It makes sense to look at the service provision in this way.	1	1
5	Invest in your nursing staff as you do with every other professional group. Pay them r skills. This is the only way you will be seriously considered as addressing the recruitm		
6	Gastroenterology ward should be moved back to GRH.		
7	We are approaching a winter crisis, and the move of all of ED, acute medicine, acute an already overstretched site in GRH in the height of a pandemic without a significant back to CGH is posing a significant and immediate risk to patient safety.		
8	My hope would be that by making these changes the local service will be made better and the cancelling of planned procedures is significantly reduced.		celling of
9	Management have no clue how the services are run and what is best for the Gloucestershire pts.		
10			ns, upper Gl . The Trust
11	How any of this helps patient flow and integration with primary care is poorly explaine	ed.	
12	I fully understand the publics desire to be able to access all services that they require as close to their as possible, and therefore the negative public/ local MP perception of the trusts plans to separate ser across the two site. However, as a clinician I feel that these parties should really be made aware of the resources (both personal and capital estates) that we have to fulfil this objective across two sites. If the and politicians of Gloucestershire truly want to access an exemplary standard of clinical care and resolution that they should fully support the trusts current proposals which will begin the proceed enabling us to do this and are, in my view, long overdue.		services f the limited f the public esearch
13	patient safety is being compromised daily already, let alone letting this carry on further rock bottom.	er. nursing mo	rale is at
14	stop trying to deceive everyone and be up front with the plans. this effects people live treating nurses as if we don't matter by moving us all pillar to post.	elihood and he	ealth. stop
15	the Gloucestershire nhs service needs to at least attempt to show some honesty and with the public and its staff. do not treat us as though we are fools.	integrity when	n dealing
16	we need to be told the truth and be kept in the loop more. the patients are also taking because of these moves	the brunt froi	m staff
17	stop using covid as an excuse to flatline emergency services at Cheltenham. treat state opinions and skills as professionals are repeatedly ignored by trust management, stop are unwell between two sites, this is unsafe and immoral, the only ones being shipper lower capacity, confusion and complex needs, disgraceful. I support reinstating amust this nonsense.	p shipping pa d about are th	tients who lose with
18	Although it has been stated that staff have been consulted I wonder whether it has be rather than at patient facing level? Often the feedback with consultation processes is people have not been involved and therefore they have not truly had the opportunity to the process. Ultimately, the majority of staff working in the acute setting will always if the end result is better patient care and staff experience.	staff feel like to feedback th	the right neir opinions
19	I believe that management have wanted to close Cheltenham ED for many years and opportunity to do exactly that	I have used C	ovid as an
20	I live in Cheltenham and find it easier to travel to work to CGH but am not opposed to 99 bus service could help if the times of the buses fit the shifts of staff.	travelling to	GRH but the
21	Bring cardiology together in GRH, with the space and resource for us to really enhance population of Gloucestershire, and then we could create a centre of excellence for call difficult to do this effectively being split not only across two sites, but also within those	rdiology. It is	

Anything else you would like to say?

		Response Percent	Response Total
22	I hope that you are going to see the picture in different levels, i.e. locally, nationally are	nd internation	ally.
23	With the reconfigurations proposed moving the surgical and medical takes to GRH thrun an ED in CGH. I strongly feel we would be lying to the public if we pretend that ar without the supporting inpatient services behind it. It seems illogical to discuss these factoring in the impact on the ED.	n ED can fund	tion in CGH
24	don't put all of the eggs in one basket. PFI is very costly to taxpayers, but appreciate way.	sometimes its	s the only
25	overall good		
26	does a centre of excellence include evoked potential testing with some of the orthpae	edic surgeries	?
27	I think most people would like to point out that even though it states CGH will re-open GRH just cannot cope with the amount of people in Gloucestershire. I know ED is not on this questionnaire but it needs to be taken into consideration with everything is to be situated.	-	
28	No		
29	Please consider the elderly and vulnerable who have to use public transport to make hospital. Will public transport be improved? Will more hospital transport be accessible		
30	Cheltenham need a A&E		
31	Just ensure that the investment needed to provide these changes properly and not has services involved including those that are sometimes overlooked. There is no point pi moving it to one side of the county or other if you don't use this opportunity to actually	cking a service	
32	Would like Pathology to be taken into account with these decisions - especially Blood having to do an increasing amount of work overnight yet have no funding for extra stathe whole hospital at GRH in particular is dangerous.		
33	Can a hospital have a true A and E without the back up of eg general surgery vascula etc	ar surgery Acu	ute medicir
34	The geographical disadvantage of one site over the other is usually overstated. We was close to home as possible, but unless resident in Gloucester City or Cheltenham it difference to most people to site they need to travel. Using public transport is more coareas, but the shuttle bus largely overcomes that issue for outpatients and visiting.	actually mak	es very littl
35	See comments above.		
36	The proposals all seem excellent and recognise the realities of the problems fully staff services at 2 DGHs which are only 10 miles apart It is not a problem to have to trave distances to access the best care. Tribal allegiances to GRH or CGH have gone on for obstructive practices by both clinicians, the general public and local politicians have obvious for far too long (at least to me in the 30 years I have lived and worked in the 30 years I have lived and years I have lived and worked in the 30 years I have lived and years I have lived years I have liv	el relatively shor far too long delayed what l	ort and
37	I support the changes as they will bring expertise and people together for the benefit	of patients.	
38	The priority is to optimise outcomes. IN my experience, working on two sites is ineffect outcomes for patients so there are two mediocre sites rather than one excellent one. The leadership needs to take the initiative to avoid local populations wanting to retain expense of quality - the NNHS has a poor record in this		
39	I don't think 'Centres of Excellence' should be considered at present, and yet again molooks good from the outside - ie when the CCG walk round with the scent of paint in the matter that staff and patients are unhappy with the way things are.		
40	I support the need for patients that require surgery on the same day as admission to be however not all urgent surgery is same day. I think the hospital at GRH would struggle demands if all Acute work was on GRH site.		
41	I have been watching this play out for years and too much time and negative energy h	has been spe	nt which ha

Anything else you would like to say? Response Response **Percent Total** 42 Whatever decision is made, the correct and additional staff numbers must be allocated. You cannot simply move the patient workload (currently split over two sites with two teams) to one site with only that sites preexisting team numbers. This will be a recipe for failure / disquiet. Working in a small speciality which centralised 10 or so years ago the benefits are huge for us 43 Many people have feared because of the changes and continue to do so. Many people see this as a move to 44 shut or deminish CGH and don't want this because CGH is the hospital of their choice and is closer to home and family. GRH is a mess, one such example is the previous stroke specialist team... All resigned due to management the problems they had on the ward and the way it was run, when bullying is rampant on a ward and months of whistle blowing and datixing is met by scorn and inaction, nobkdy wants to see this happen in cheltenham as well 45 Emergency lower/upper GI surgery need more space. 46 The shuttle bus between CGH and GRH is a great asset in relation to access to services. A commitment to its

future would be good to hear. It would also be good to hear that discussions are being held to see whether the
bus route could include a stop at Park and Ride at Cheltenham Racecourse.
·

Decision makers should consider evaluation of services changes if implemented and the involvement of patients, carers and VCS in the evaluation.

When making the final decision, ensure that you fully understand the models of care that have been proposed for general surgery because this consultation document does not accurately reflect what those working in the service have put forward. Trying to impose a service that 80% of the consultant body do not support will not augur well for its success.

answered	47
skipped	97

What is the first part of your postcode? eg. GL1, GL20 Response Response Percent **Total** Open-Ended Question 100.00% 129 GI3 1 2 GL1 GL1 3 4 GL3 5 GL53 6 GL4 7 GL52 8 GL6 9 WR14 10 GL52 11 gl1

What is the first part of your postcode? eg. GL1, GL20

		Response Percent	Response Total
12	GI51		
13	GL50		
14	GL4		
15	GL53		
16	GI5		
17	GL52		
18	GL51		
19	GL4		
20	GL52		
21	GL10		
22	GL13		
23	GI15		
24	GL2		
25	GL53		
26	gl52		
27	GL4		
28	GI2		
29	WR11		
30	gl51		
31	GL53		
32	GL52		
33	gl51		
34	gl51		
35	gl2		
36	GL1		
37	wr12		
38	gl3		
39	gl53		
40	GL51		
41	GL7		
42	GL16		
43	wR11		
44	GL52		
45	GI2		
46	GI52		

What is the first part of your postcode? eg. GL1, GL20

		Response Percent	Respon Total
47	GL2		
48	GL2		
49	GL52		
50	GL6		
51	gl14		
52	GL2		
53	GL3		
54	GL54		
55	GL20		
56	GL7		
57	GI52		
58	GL7		
59	GL50		
60	GL13		
61	gl51		
62	GL54		
63	GL 54		
64	GL51		
65	GI2		
66	GL5		
67	GI51		
68	GL1,		
69	gl1		
70	gl5		
71	gl1		
72	GL4		
73	GL53		
74	OX18		
75	SN2		
76	gl4		
77	GL3		
78	GL53		
79	GL51		
80	GL4		
81	GL3		

What is the first part of your postcode? eg. GL1, GL20

		Response Percent	Response Total
82	GL2		
83	GL53		
84	gl52		
85	GL17		
86	GL1		
87	GL50		
88	GI53		
89	GL52		
90	Gl14		
91	GL10		
92	GL56		
93	GL3		
94	GL3		
95	GL18		
96	GL52		
97	GL54		
98	GL53		
99	GL18		
100	GL53		
101	GL5		
102	gl50		
103	GL50		
104	GL52		
105	GL52		
106	GL52		
107	GL53		
108			
	GL53		
110	GL53		
111	GL50		
112	gl1		
	gl15		
114	gl2		
	gl50		
116	GL53		

		Posponeo	Posnono
		Response Percent	Respons Total
117	Gl3		
118	GI53		
119	GL20		
120	Gl2		
121	GL51		
122	GL7		
123	GL3		
124	GL20		
125	GL1		
126	GL3		
127	GL7		
128	GL54		
129	GI53		
		answered	129
		skipped	15

W	Which age group are you:					
			Response Percent	Response Total		
1	Under 18		0.00%	0		
2	18-25		4.93%	7		
3	26-35		23.24%	33		
4	36-45		23.24%	33		
5	46-55		23.94%	34		
6	56-65		19.01%	27		
7	66-75	I	3.52%	5		
8	Over 75		0.00%	0		
9	Prefer not to say		2.11%	3		
			answered	142		
			skipped	2		

A	re you:		
		Response Percent	Response Total
1	A health or social care professional	100.00%	144
2	A community partner	0.00%	0
3	A member of the public	0.00%	0
4	Prefer not to say	0.00%	0
		answered	144
		skipped	0

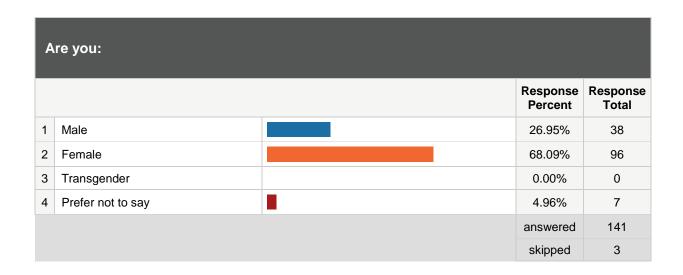
D	Do you consider yourself to have a disability? (Tick all that apply)				
			Response Percent	Response Total	
1	No		88.89%	128	
2	Mental health problem		4.17%	6	
3	Visual Impairment	I	0.69%	1	
4	Learning difficulties		0.00%	0	
5	Hearing impairment	<u> </u>	2.78%	4	
6	Long term condition		4.17%	6	
7	Physical disability	1	0.69%	1	
8	Prefer not to say	I	1.39%	2	
		'	answered	144	
			skipped	0	

Do you look after, or give any help or support to family members, friends, neighbours or others because of either a long term physical or mental ill health need or problems related to old age? Please do not count anything you do as part of your paid employment.

		Response Percent	Response Total
1	Yes	19.15%	27
2	No	77.30%	109
3	Prefer not to say	3.55%	5
		answered	141
		skipped	3

		Response Percent	Respons Total
1	White British	84.29%	118
2	White Other	7.14%	10
3	Asian or Asian British	1.43%	2
4	Black or Black British	0.00%	0
5	Chinese	0.00%	0
6	Mixed	0.00%	0
7	Prefer not to say	6.43%	9
8	Other (please specify):	0.71%	1
		answered	140
		skipped	4
0	other (please specify): (1)		
	1 European		

		Respor Perce	
1	No religion	52.08	% 75
2	Buddhist	0.69%	6 1
3	Christian (including Church of England, Catholic, Methodist and other denominations)	40.289	% 58
4	Hindu	0.00%	6 0
5	Jewish	0.00%	6 0
6	Muslim	0.00%	6 0
7	Sikh	0.00%	6 0
8	Other	1.39%	6 2
9	Prefer not to say	5.56%	6 8
		answer	ed 144
		skippe	ed 0



Do you identify with your gender as registered at birth?							
			Response Percent	Response Total			
1	Yes		95.74%	135			
2	No		0.00%	0			
3	Prefer not to say		4.26%	6			
			answered	141			
			skipped	3			

V	Which of the following best describes how you think of yourself?						
			Response Percent	Response Total			
1	Heterosexual or straight		86.81%	125			
2	Gay or lesbian	I	2.78%	4			
3	Bisexual		4.17%	6			
4	Other	I	0.69%	1			
5	Prefer not to say		5.56%	8			
			answered	144			
			skipped	0			

Are you currently pregnant or have given birth in the last year? Response Percent Total 4 Yes 2.82% 2 No 78.87% 112 Not applicable 19 13.38% 4.93% 7 Prefer not to say answered 142 2 skipped